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KOREAN AFFAIRS REPORT

No. 250

CONTENTS

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

Socialist UN Delegates Demand U.S. Withdrawal (KCNA, 5 Oct 82)	1
Koreans Abroad Criticize U.S. Troops in South (KCNA, 7 Oct 82)	2
Foreign Public Circles Denounce U.S. in South (KCNA, 11 Oct 82)	4
Japanese Group Condemns Ambassador Walker Remarks (KCNA, 8 Oct 82)	6
Student Activist in South 'Murdered' by 'Fascist' (KCNA, 15 Oct 82)	8
Japan Paper Condemns Chon Tu-hwan 'Clique' (KCNA, 8 Oct 82)	9
Seoul Intellectuals Criticize Anti-Communism (KCNA, 9 Oct 82)	10
Korean Student Committee Denounces Suppression (KCNA, 8 Oct 82)	11
S. Korean Revolutionaries Revere Kim Il-song (KCNA, 12 Oct 82)	12
'NODONG SINMUN' on South Korean Situation (KCNA, 1 Oct 82)	14
'NODONG SINMUN' Reviews Situation in South Korea (KCNA, 1 Oct 82)	16
'NODONG SINMUN' Reviews S. Korean Situation (KCNA, 15 Oct 82)	18

(Chon Regime Makes Press, Radio Its Tool (KCNA, 9 Oct 82)	20
	'MINJU CHOSON' Attacks Chon for 'Bellicose Jargon' (KCNA, 8 Oct 82)	22
I	Daily Denounces Chon's Foundation Day Address (KCNA, 5 Oct 82)	24
A	Afro-Asian Solidarity Group Backs DPRK Proposal (KCNA, 8 Oct 82)	26
6	Speakers at UNGA Session Support Korean Reunification (KCNA, 9 Oct 82)	27
I	Daily Observes DCRK Proposal Anniversary (KCNA, 11 Oct 82)	28
1	PRC 'PEOPLE'S DAILY' Supports DCRK Proposal (KCNA, 12 Oct 82)	30
ţ	War Exercises Attempt To Divert Attention in South (KCNA, 2 Oct 82)	32
I	Daily Denounces Chon's 'War Preparations' (KCNA, 6 Oct 82)	33
	'MINDAN' Paper Hits South's Stance on Textbook (KCNA, 6 Oct 82)	35
6	South Farmers Struggle for Compensation for Damage (KCNA, 14 Oct 82)	36
I	Briefs	
	Seoul University Student Arrested	37
	'Incognito Inspection' of Teachers	37
	UNGA Delegates Back Unification	37
	Students Arrested for Leafleteering	38
	Polish Denounces Chon's African Tour	38
	S. Korean Student Prison Death	38
	Students Sentenced to Prison Terms	39
	Japanese Begged To Increase Imports	39 39
	Increased Defense Spending Denounced	39
	NORTH KOREA	
POLITICS	S AND GOVERNMENT	
,	'NODONG SINMUN' on Creation of Speed of 80's	
	(KCNA, 4 Oct 82)	40

Kim Chong-il's Experience, Training Noted (KCNA, 5 Oct 82)	42
'NODONG SINMUN' Marks Anniversary of 1930 Kim Il-song Guidance (KCNA, 2 Oct 82)	43
ECONOMY	
Unusually Rich Crops Expected in DPRK (KCNA, 7 Oct 82)	45
Briefs Rice Harvest Progress	47
MEDIA AND THE ARTS	
Anniversary of 'PYONGYANG SINMUN' Reported (KCNA, 7 Oct 82)	48
KOREANS IN JAPAN	
Briefs Group Departs From Japan Chongnyon Delegation Departure Chong Chun-ki Meets Chongnyon Delegation	49 49 49
Chongnyon Delegation Banquet Chongnyon Chairman Cables PRC Premier Korean Returnees From Japan Chong Chun-ki Meeting 'Mangyongbong' Ship	49 50 50 50
FOREIGN RELATIONS	
Socialist Countries Observe DPRK National Day (KCNA, 4 Oct 82)	51
Kim Chong-il Praised as Senius of Leadership' (KCNA, 5 Oct 82)	53
Bangladesh Paper on Kim Chong-il's Love of People (KCNA, 7 Oct 51)	55
Dailies Hail Suriname Envoy's Upcoming Visit (KCNA, Oct 82)	58
Kim Il-song Receives Message From PLO's 'Arafat (KCNA, 9 Oct 82)	60
Yugoslav Paper Notes North's Opposition to Blocs (KCNA, 9 Oct 82)	62

Romanian, Yugoslav, Bulgarian Media on DPRK Anniversary (KCNA, 12 Oct 82)	64
Kim Il-song Replies to Hu Yaobang, Brezhnev	
(KCNA, 11 Oct 82)	66
Kim Il-song Sends Reply Messages (KCNA, 12 Oct 82)	69
Yugoslav Magazine Praises PPRK Defense Ability	
(KCNA, 13 Oct 82)	72
Kim Il-song Greets PDRY Counterpart (KCNA, 13 Oct 82)	73
Kim Il-song Sends Gift to Mozambique President (KCNA, 13 Oct 82)	74
Socialist Countries Mark DPRK Founding Day (KCNA, 5 Oct 82)	75
Indian Seminar on Chuche Praises Kim Chong-il	
(KCNA, 8 Oct 82)	77
Japanese Visitors Praise Kim Chong-il (KCNA, 9 Oct 82)	79
Sao Tome and Principle President's Visit Hailed (KCNA, 11 Oct 82)	81
Guinean Paper Hails Kim Chong-il 'Rare' Leadership (KCNA, 14 Oct 82)	83
New Delhi Lecture Praises Kim Chong-il Treatise	
(KCNA, 15 Oct 82)	85
Briefs Suriners Special Favor	87
Suriname Special Envoy Founding Anniversary Marked	87
Film Shows Mark KWP Founding	87
Gift to Guinea-Bissau	88
Departing Niger Ampassador	88
Greetings From Ceausescu	88
New Algerian Ambassador	88
Greetings to Bolivian Foreign Minister	89
Greetings on Egyptian Army Day	89
Indian Nonaligned Summit Proposal	89
Surinam Army Commander Visit	89
GDR Ambassador Arrival	90
Yugoslav, Polish KWP Film Shows	90
Hungarian Art Troupe	90

Lebanese President Reply Message	90
Greetings to Equatorial Guinean President	91
Surinam Chuche Group Letter	91
Burmese TV Delegation	91
Iranian Sports Delegation	91
Envoy's Farewell to Iran's President	92
Embassies Mark KWP 37th Anniversary	92
GDR Founding Anniversary Reception	92
Austrian National Day Reception	92
Agricultural Delegation to Egypt	93
U.SResident Korean Leaves	93
Foreign Delegations	93
DPRK-Japan Cultural Society Founding Day	93
PRC Radio, TV Delegation	94
New Algerian Ambassador	94
DPRK-Nigeria Culture Exchange Plan	94
DPRK Parliamentary Delegation	94
Burmese TV Delegation	94
Polish 'TRYBUNA LUDU' Delegation	94
	95
Soviet Journalists Union Group	95
PRC Hydraulic Power Company Delegation	95
Chong Chun-ki Meeting	7)

SOCIALIST UN DELEGATES DEMAND U.S. WITHDRAWAL

SKO52235 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2218 GMT 5 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 6 Oct (KCNA)—Delegates of socialist countries to the 37th session of the United Nations General Assembly, in their speeches at its plenary meeting, expressed support to the just struggle of the Korean people for the country's reunification, according to a report from New York.

The foreign minister of the German Democratic Republic said:

The German Democratic Republic demands the withdrawal of the U.S. troops from South Korea and supports the proposals of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea for the solution of the Korean question.

The Hungarian foreign minister said:

The Korean question which is left unsolved for a long period has become a factor hampering the improvement of the international situation.

Our government remains on the sice of the DPRK in its righteous struggle and invariably supports the Korean peoples cause of achieving the reunification of the country on a democratic basis and in a peaceful way without outside interference.

The Romanian foreign minister said:

I take this opportunity to realfirm Romania's support and solidarity for the DPRK's stand and initiatives for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

The Polish foreign minister sald:

The proposals of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea for the solution of the Korean question are of essential significance. We fully support all these initiatives.

KOREANS ABROAD CRITICIZE U.S. TROOPS IN SOUTH

SK071128 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0959 GMT 7 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 7 Oct (KCNA)--Voices denouncing the U.S. imperialists colonial enslavement policy in South Korea and calling for full sovereignty and independence are ringing louder from overseas Koreans.

The publisher of a Korean's newspaper in the United States said:

A close scrutiny into the content of the "security" meetings and economic meetings, etc between South Korea and the United States and the rule over South Korea by the U.S. Embassy in South Korea, the CIA of the United States, and the U.S. State and Defense departments makes it plain that South Korea is nothing but a U.S. colony.

A Korean residing in the United States in an article published in a Korean newspaper pointed out that the United States is, in fact, the very one which not only has divided our country so we could not build it by our own efforts, but also is barring the reunification of the North and the South by keeping its armed forces constantly in South Korea.

The Society for the Enhancement of the April 19 Spirit, a Korean organization in the United States, said in its statement:

The overseas Koreans who clearly see through the aggressive scheme of the U.S. imperialists to perpetuate the division of Korea and keep South Korea as their permanent colony demand the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression forces and an end to their interference in the internal affairs and express the determination to fight to a finish for this.

MINJOK, a Korean magazine published in France, noted that the indiscriminate massacre committed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors during the war and the Kwangju popular uprising "dumbfounded even the people who had worshipped the United States like God." We must wage a death-defying movement to expel the outside forces, it added.

Declaring that the South Korean people are now standing at the crossroads of life and death, the magazine said: We should make concerted efforts to shake

off the pro-American, America-worshipping and America-fearing flunkeyist idea, overcome outside forces, restore sovereignty and independence, and found on this basis a country where one can live a life worthy of humanity.

A Korean organisation in West Germany in its declaration exposed the aggressive acts of the U.S. imperialists rendering the situation strained in South Korea and demanded that the United States withdraw and remove all its lethal weapons from South Korea and no more support the fascist clique suppressing the people.

MINJOK SIBO, a "Mindan"-living Korean paper, in its editorial said: "Only our people have the duty and right to shape their own destiny and the destiny of the country and we must fight, defying death, against the forces encroaching upon this inviolable right."

FOREIGN PUBLIC CIRCLES DENOUNCE L.S. IN SOUTH

Skillidaa Pyongvang KCNA in English 0807 CMT 11 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, il Ort (NCNA) -- Foreign public circles expressed full support to the September I memorandum of the DPRK Government and denounced the U.S. imperialists occupation of South Korea, according to reports.

In a joint statement, the Sierra Leonean National Committee for the Study of the Chuche Idea and 12 other chuche idea stily organisations in Sierra Leone said:

The United States occupation of South Korea and its aggressive policy impose immeasurable sufferings and disasters upon the South Korean people and lay an obstacle in the way of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

Today South Korea is totally sub ugated to the United States in all fields, political, economic, military and cultural.

We fully support the assertion of the DPRK Government that South Korea has completely turned into a colony and aggressive military base of the United States, and strongly demand that the United States end its colonial rule over South Korea and stop interfering in the domestic affairs of Korea.

The Uganda-Korea Friendship Association, the National Organisation of Trade Unions of Uganda and other public organisations of Uganda issued a joint statement, in which they noted that the South Korean "Government" with no independence is a tool for the U.S. colonial rule.

They stressed:

We fully support the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Korvo advanced by President Kim Il-song, the great leader of the Korean prople, a most realistic and reasonable one for reunifying the country independently and on the principle of great national unity and peacefully.

U.S. troops, take off the beret of the "U.N. forces" and quit South Korea at once!

In its statement, the Nepalese Airo-Asian Peoples Solidarity Committee said:

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JAPANESE GROUP CONDEMNS AMBASSADOR WALKER REMARKS

SK080933 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0300 GMT 8 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 Occ (KCNA)—The Japan headquarters of the "National Congress for the Restoration of Democracy in South Korea and the Promotion of Unification" (Hanmintong), the "Council for National Unification," the "Mindan Committee for Defending Independence" and other Korean organisations under the influence of the "ROK Residents Association in Japan" ("Mindan") made public a joint statement on October 2 in denunciation of the aggressive outburst let out recently by the U.S. ambassador to South Korea revealing his intention to suppress and stifle the South Korean people's anti-U.S. sentiments for independence, according to a KNS report.

Noting that U.S. Ambassador Walker argued at a "lecture on the centenary of the Korea-U.S. Treaty" co-sponsored by the South Korean paper TONGA ILBO and the "American Information Centre" on September 28 that South Korea and the United States should "rather strengthen the relations of mutual reliance than nationalism," the statement says: "This disclosed his dark intention to suppress the anti-U.S., anti-Japanese movement for being freed from outside forces and winning national independence which is now sweeping South Korea in a powerful wave and keep South Korea in chains as a permanent tributary of the United States."

Refuting his utterances that nationalism "is a call of fanatical ultra-nationalists for absolute independence", the statement says: These words defended the expansionism of the United States and denied the South Korean peoples age-old demand and movement for independence."

Noting that he also twaddled about "human rights" and "liberty," the statements point out: This is a hypocritical phraseology patronizing and praising the present dictatorship" of South Korea. Walker, it notes, attempted to conceal the South Korean reality and mislead world opinion with his lie.

The South Korean policy of the United States may be epitomized in the maintenance and strengthening of its military support to South Korea, freezing of division of Korea into North and South and fabrication of a dictatorial "regime" and support to it, the statement says, and declares:

We condemn the utterances of Walker distorting and attacking the just movement of our people to free themselves from outside forces and win national independence and practically denying the right to national independence as an aggressive drivel and demand its withdrawal and apology.

We strongly demand that the U.S. Government immediately recall Walker.

STUDENT ACTIVIST IN SOUTH 'MURDERED' BY 'FASCIST'

SK150515 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0407 GMT 15 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KONA)—Pak Kwan-hyon, a former student of Chonman University, who had been imprisoned for participation in the Kwangju popular uprising was murdered by the fascist thugs on October 12 in his 40-day long hunger strike in prison. Commenting on this, MINJU CHOSON October 15 brands it as another unpardonable challenge to the patriotic uprisers of Kwangju and the people who demand freedom and democracy.

The author of the commentary says:

Pak Kwan-hyon was a patriotic youth who fought courageously in the heroic Kwangju popular uprising against the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique in May 1980 as chief of the student organisation of Chonnam University.

After his arrest, he fought undauntedly against the inhuman persecution and suppression by the Chon Tu-hwan clique and put up a resistance against the fascist hangmen by waging even a hunger struggle.

The military fascist clique, far from revoking the penalties imposed upon the Kwangju uprisers and giving up repression, put them to harsher persecution and suppression and clamped a strict news blackout to keep the hunger struggle of Pak Kwan-hyon in the dark.

This was an extension of the Kwangju bloodbath and a deliberate act for murdering him. His death is, in fact, a murder by the fascist thugs.

The South Korean students and people will not make the death of Pak Kwan-hyon useless or lay down the banner of anti-imperialism and independence till their desire will have been realised.

JAPAN PAPER CONDEMNS CHON TU-HWAN 'CLIQUE'

SK081103 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1003 GMT 8 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 Oct (KCNA)--A recent issue of the magazine SEKAI SEIJI published in Japan carried an article titled "No Prospect for Corrupt Dictatorial Regime."

It notes that the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique find their foothold violently shaken already today when two years have passed since they grabbed "power" on the sea of blood of the Kwangju massacre.

The only prop supporting an illegal "coup regime" is open violence and suppression and unwholesome power of money, the magazine declares, and adds: Chon Tu-hwan is trying by hook or by crook to cover up the truth about the big-scale loan scandal, but the situation is assuming more serious dimensions.

Recalling that the South Korean Church Missionary Council published a statement criticising the United States to its face in connection with the arson at the "American Cultural Centre" in Pusan in March, the magazine says:

The open criticism of the United States in South Korea and the clarification of the fact that the anti-American sentiments of the people are underlaid with the Kwangju incident are, at the same time, a sharp criticism of the Chon Tu-hwan "regime."

That the church group which kindled the torch of the anti-"government" struggle under Pak Chung-hui published the anti-U.S. and anti-Chon Tu-hwan statement, opening its mouth after a long silence, indicates a turn in public opinion.

The student movement is also cultivating its strength under the harsh oppressive system in reliance upon various circles and reading groups which are called "underground colleges" and portends another massive struggle.

The Chon Tu-hwan "regime" has been landed in a grave crisis.

It is certain that as it sinks deeper into the crisis, it will request greater "loans" and other forms of support of Japan. Such act as helping maintain the "regime" of the corrupt military dictatorial clique with blood taxes must be decisively curbed.

SEOUL INTELLECTUALS CRITICIZE ANTI-COMMUNISM

SK091138 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1006 GMT 9 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 9 Oct (KCNA)--Members of the "Federation for the Study of Current Thought" composed of intellectuals in Seoul held of late a symposium for criticizing anti-communism and denounced the frantic anti-communist row of the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique, according to Radio "Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification."

A pressman surnamed Chong told the symposium that the "government"-sponsored anti-communist campaign which had become more vicious these days, reflected the uneasiness of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and, in actuality, was run through with a rabid distortion of facts and a hollow fabrication. Anti-communism in South Korea, he noted, is a reactionary slogan aimed at anti-nation and anti-people within and directed against the northern half of the DPRK without.

A certain Ko, a lecturer at a university, declared that for mankind to advance toward communist society is a law of development of social history which nothing can check. This, he stressed, has been proved by the great chuche idea which brightly indicates the road of national, class and human liberation today and by the prosperity of the socialist society of the northern half of the republic, the homeland of chuche, and by the reality of the world which gains boundless inspiration and strength therefrom.

A certain Yi, a postgraduate, said: Anti-communism in South Korea is characteristic of the fact that neo-colonialism of the United States is its ideological foundation and its keynote is the justification of the U.S. imperialists occupation of South Korea, domination, fascism and war.

A writer surnamed Cha attending the symposium noted that the "government"-sponsored anti-communist campaign is shockingly disgusting and illustrative of their doom. The communists are the true men, patriots and fighters, he added.

The chairman of the symposium urged the attendants to look squarely at the reality of South Korea where everything national, patriotic, democratic and progressive is suppressed and strangled under the name of anti-communism and take the lead in the struggle for defeating and frustrating anti-communism.

KOREAN STUDEN! COMMITTEE DENOUNCES SUPPRESSION

SK081115 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1018 GMT 8 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 Oct (KCNA)—The Korean students committee issued a statement on October 7, which bitterly denounces the Chon Tu-hwan fascist hangmen for arresting a number of South Korean students who fought against the revision of history textbooks by the Japanese reactionaries and the pro-Japanese treacheries of the puppets subservient to them and for brutally torturing the students, and demands the unconditional release of the arrested students.

Noting that the South Korean students rose up determinedly for the national sovereignty and dignity, braving fascist repression, the statement says: This is a manifestation of patriotism to frustrate the shameless reinvasion of the Japanese imperialists and not to allow any foreign interference.

In brutally suppressing the struggle of the South Korean students, the Chon Tu-hwan fascist clique intends to leave South Korea for ever to the U.S. imperialists as their colony and realise its dirty ambition for long-term office under the patronage of the outside forces, the statement says, and continues:

Traitor Chon Tu-hwan should act with discretion, looking straight at the ever growing fighting spirit of the South Korean students and people against imperialism and for independence, promptly stop his outrageous suppression of campus and release all the illegally arrested students unconditionally and immediately.

At the same time, he should give up at once his pro-American, pro-Japanese flunkeyist treacheries and step cown from power without delay as demanded by the South Korean students and people.

The Japanese militarists should discard the already bankrupt old dream of "the greater East Asia co-prosperity sphere" and correct at once the distorted history textbooks in compliance with the unanimous demand of our people and world people and stop their reinvasion of South Korea.

The U.S. imperialists must no more instigate traitor Chon Tu-hwan cursed and forsaken by the whole nation to fascism and national split and must withdraw from South Korea forthwith, taking along all their aggression armed forces.

S. KOREAN REVOLUTIONARIES REVERE KIM IL-SONG

SK120953 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0817 GMT 12 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 12 Oct (KCNA)--The South Korean revolutionaries ardently revere the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song who founded the Workers Party of Korea, a revolutionary party of chuche type.

A revolutionary surnamed Yi in Seoul, who is deeply studying the immortal revolutionary history of the great leader, said that not until the Workers Party of Korea was founded by the great leader, did the working class and people of our country have the general staff of the revolution which would hew out the right path of the revolutionary cause of chuche. He further said:

The founding of the WPK was a magnificent bell sound announcing the birth of the most glorious age of the workers party in the history of the nation and a great declaration heralding the efflorescence of the brilliant era of chuche.

A South Korean revolutionary stressed that it was thanks to the great leader, the genius of mankind, brilliant commander of the revolution and sun of the nation, who has been at the head of the party, and to his ever-victorious revolutionary ideas and guidance that the WPK has performed feats and exploits which will shine long in history.

In their congratulatory letter to the great leader, South Korean revolutionaries said:

It is a great feat performed by you the respected leader by leading the Workers Party of Korea, general staff of the revolution, that the whole society of the North has become one big revolutionary family, harmonious and united, and the entire people enjoy a long life in happiness, in an earthly paradise of socialism free from exploitation, oppression and taxes.

A revolutionary in Seoul said:

In the course of realizing the modelling of the whole of society on the chuche idea, the Workers Party of Korea under the wise guidance of the respected leader has grown and developed into an ever-victorious vanguard and has been further tempered into a political general staff with a bright future powerful enough to march from victory to victory and creditably carry the revolutionary cause of juche through to completion generation after generation.

The WPK is demonstrating its dignity as the vanguard of the era throughout the world as the sun of chuche is shedding its rays all over the land and the lodestar of chuche is dazalingly bright high above the sky.

When a person surnamed Kim residing in Tongrae District, Pusan, went to Seoul some time ago to meet his relatives, he produced leaflets reading "Let us vizorously fight upholding the remification programme of General Kim Ilsong" before his colleagues, and said: "Let us all fight persistently to realize the proposal to institute a confederation for reunification advanced by General Kim Ilsong, the sun of the nation."

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'NODONG SIMMUN' ON SOUTH KOREAN SITUATION

SK011606 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1502 GMT 1 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)—The 36 year long history till today since the October people's resistance and the reality of South Korea today prove that, with the U.S. imperialist aggressors left there, neither the establishment of the nation's sovereignty nor the reunification of the country nor the democratisation of society nor the solution of vital problems can be expected, declares NODONG SINMUN today in an article dedicated to the 36th anniversary of the October people's resistance in South Korea.

The October people's resistance was triggered off on October 1, 1946, by the U.S. imperialist aggressors brutal murder of Taegu citizens who came out with an urgent demand for their living and it rapidly spread to all parts of South Korea.

The masses fought undauntedly, shouting the slogans "We oppose the U.S. imperialists colonial enslavement policy!" "Power to the people's committee!" etc. The resistance was participated in by about 2.3 million patriotic people in 73 cities and counties of South Korea and the struggle continued nearly two months. The paper in its article titled "South Korean People's Anti-U.S. Struggle for Independence Is Sure To Win" says:

The October people's resistance was a manifestation of the unshakable faith and will of the South Korean people to live a dignified life as an independent nation by forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressors to withdraw, establishing national sovereignty and setting up a democratic social system.

The participants in the resistance fought courageously with an indomitable fighting spirit not to tolerate any longer the U.S. imperialists colonial fascist rule, thereby striking a serious blow at U.S. imperialism and its stooges.

But the just demand which they raised, shedding blood, has not yet been met though 36 years have passed since then, and the South Korean people are still forced to the miserable lot as the U.S. imperialists colonial slaves, with the dignity and sovereignty of the nation trampled underfoot.

This is, to all intents and purposes, the direct consequences of the U.S. imperialists aggressive policy of colonial occupation of South Korea and the pro-U.S., flunkeyist treacheries of the South Korean puppet clique, their stooge.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors brutally suppressed the October resistance of the South Korean people with the criminal design to maintain their colonial rule over South Korea and further turned South Korea into their colony and military base of aggression, disguising it as an "independent state" and resorting to a new ruling method of neo-colonialism.

Minugh there is a "power" in South Korea, it is nothing but a camouflage for concealing the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists and a tool for faithfully executing their policy of aggression.

Traitor Chon Tu-hwam who grabbed power with the bayonet under the patronage and manipulation of the U.S. imperialists far outdistances his predecessors in :lunkevist treacheries.

Praising the U.S. imperialist aggressors as a "friend", "protector" and "helper" the Chon Tu-hwan clique is now frantically cracking down upon the anti-U.S., independent forces, and is blowing the "two Koreas" trumpet in accordance with the script of its master and, at the same time, framing even a sinister plot to provoke a nuclear war against fellow countrymen, together with the U.S. imperialists.

Now the wave of anti-U.S. and independence is raging and the anti-Japanese struggle is growing in South Korea. It is a patriotic struggle motivated by the bloody lesson that colonial slavery can never be evaded with foreign aggression allowed.

The U.S. imperialists and Chon Tu-hwan pupper clique, their stooge, must act with discretion, looking straight at the desire and demand of the time and the people.

'NODONG SINMUN' REVIEWS SITUATION IN SOUTH KOREA

SK011026 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1009 GMT 1 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN Thursday carried a review of the South Korean situation under the headline "People Will not Pardon Aggressors and Traitors."

Noting that from mid-September the struggle of South Korean people and students against U.S. imperialism and for independence gained further momentum, combined with the anti-Japanese, anti-puppet struggle, the paper says:

On September 14 students of Seoul University held an open forum on the subject "Japan's Distortion of History and Neo-militarism" and denounced the Japanese reactionaries revision of textbooks and reinvasion of South Korea and the treacherous crimes of the Chon Tu-hwan clique subservient to them.

They staged demonstrations on September 15 and 16, shouting slogans "Japanese Government, immediately correct the textbooks", "Down with Japanese imperialism" and "Down with fascism."

Students of many other universities in Seoul including Koryo, Yonse, Sogang, Songgyungwan and Rihwa Women's universities rose in struggle one after another in the wake of the fierce struggle of Seoul University students.

They held mass meetings and demonstrations on the campus or in the streets, shouting the anti-U.S. slogan "Yankees, go home" and slogans "Down with Japanese imperialism", "Down with fascism" and "Away with Chon Tu-hwan regime." They also made public statements denouncing the U.S. imperialists, Japanese reactionaries and Chon Tu-hwan clique of traitors for their aggressive and treacherous crimes.

The anti-U.S., anti-Japanese and anti-"government" struggle of South Korean students which is gaining in scope and developing, assuming a new character, is very noteworthy and well shows how strong their desire and determination to smash foreign aggression and the pupper cliques treachery and lead an independent life.

The South Korean people do not want to live in rightlessness, national humiliation and insult, deprived of national sovereignty, under the domination of

the U.S. and Japanese aggressors. This is why they are valiantly waging a righteous struggle against the aggressors and traitors.

This is an important characteristic feature of developments in South Korea for the past fortnight.

Frightened at the fierce struggle of South Korean students against outside forces and fascism, the Chon Tu-hwan group tried in vain to find a way out in the undisguised fascist suppression, war moves and deceptive burlesques.

On the orders of the U.S. imperialists, its master, the puppet clique sent armed police to brutally crack down on the demonstrating students and arrested and penalized a large number of them.

On the other hand, the Chon Tu-hwan group resorted to all sorts of foolish tricks in a bid to veil its nature as a band of despicable colonial stooges and flunkeyist traitors with the mask of "patriotism" and thereby take the edge off the struggle of students against outside forces and the "government."

With no deceptive ruse, however, could the Chon Tu-hwan group conceal its treacherous nature. Its trick only gave rise to bitterer hatred and denunciation at home and abroad.

The developments in South Korea over the past fortnight clearly showed that no matter how hard the aggressors and traitors may try, they cannot dampen the South Korean people's desire to take back national sovereignty and enjoy an independent life.

'NODONG SINMUN' REVIEWS S. KOREAN SITUATION

SK151527 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1502 GMT 15 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN Friday comes out with a semimonthly review of the South Korean situation of October under the headline "Puppet Clique Steeped in Treacheries Will Face Stern Judgment by People."

Noting that the Chon Tu-hwan traitor clique, the most faithful stooge of U.S. imperialism, resorted to more crafty and vicious manoeuvres than ever before in the first half of October to hamstring the South Korean peoples struggle against U.S. imperialism and for independence against fascism and for democracy and bridge over the crisis of their fascist rule, the paper says:

Obtrusively letting out a string of hypocritic sophism about "sovereignty," "independence," "anti-colonialism" and so on, the Chon Tu-hwan group tried by hook or by crook to disguise South Korea as an "independent state."

On October 3 the traitor set the stage for "a celebration of the national foundation day" and threw together absurd balderdash about the "ancestors idea of the founding of the country" and "the orthodoxy of national history" and let out ridiculous protestations about "development of a new history" and "a leap."

The hullabaloo of the Chon Tu-hwan group is a foolish burlesque for concealing its treacherous color and wearing a mask of "patriot" and, at the same time, for lulling the spirit against U.S. imperialism and for independence rapidly mounting among the South Korean people and delivering itself from isolation within and without by embellishing the dark scenes of South Korea, now virtually a colony of the U.S. imperialists.

While trying their hardest to cover up their true color as colonial lackeys, the Chon Tu-hwan traitor clique are going on a rampage in their desperate bid to stem the struggle of the people for national sovereignty and democracy and the reunification of the country, at the instigation of the U.S. imperialists.

The puppet clique used all the eloquence at their disposal about "national harmony" during the fortnight.

In "mational narmony" the puppets mean that the South Note in territe must deimplify and must not their flashist terror rule and must not oppose the buimperialists colonial rule over South Korea, but cooperate with it.

In the other hand, the liven Tu-hwan military fascist elique are wielding the havenet more frantically against the South Korean people who desire imperendence and democracy. The fascist thugs have arrested and brutally fortured proups of South Forean Students who rose up daribgly against the revision of history textbooks by the papanese reactionaries and the pro- papanese treacheries of the puppets subservient to them.

Moreover, they have strengthened surveillance over campus it present the expansion of the students struggle.

The chon Tu-hwan traitor clique got more hysteric in their war clamour, intring the spirit of North-South onfrontation and anti-communism among the South Korean people.

The october 1 the traitor shouted disself hourse for the establishment of a "security system," raising a shrill cry over "increase of tensions" and "orestion of internal confusion" by someone.

on the third, traiter then Tu-hwan drivelled that "unity" must be achieved and "strength" be cultivated for "existence," bringing forward again the fiction of "threat of southward invasion."

In the meantime, all parts of South Korea were scenes of never-ceasing military rehearsals for mobilising all potentials for the purpose of war and there were repeated war confabs between the U.S. imperialists and the purpose.

All this presents a glaring picture of the ugly color of the Chon Tu-nwar purest slique who are suppressing the struggle of the couth Korean people against Vis. imperialism and for independence and against fascism and for democracy and seeking a way out in dependence on outside forces and treacheries.

The paper lectures it willision:

The onen Bu-hwan trainer lique who are trying to find a way out in freacheries, trampling upon the surpose and desire of the people for independence, democraty and resmificially, will face a sterm sudgment.

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CHON REGIME MAKES PRESS, RADIO ITS TOOL

SK091146 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1020 GMT 9 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 9 Oct (KCNA)—The Chon Tu-hwan group which grabbed power under the baton and manipulation of the U.S. imperialists have run the whole gamut of infamy totally to reduce the South Korean press to their propaganda machine.

The fascist clique, to begin with, placed the overall press activities under their strict control and watch by faking up or revising fascist evil laws including the "basic law on the press" while closing and putting out of existence press organs and publications en masse by fascist steps.

After the May 17 fascist action in 1980, they put out of existence 172 periodicals and closed 617 publishing houses in July and 395 magazines and 19 publishing houses in November on charges of "agitating insidious political purposes," "fostering labor-management disputes" and so forth.

The viciousness of the criminal acts of the Chon Tu-hwan fascist clique for placing the South Korean press under "government" control found typical manifestation in overall "closure and merger" of newspapers, news agencies and radios under the pretext of "reorganising the press tructure." In this fascist step taken in December 1980 they closed a number of minor news agencies, marging them into one "government"-managed news agency in order to place all the mass media under their uniform control.

They merged the minor radios into subsidized "Radio Chungang" or "Radio Munhwa" and laid a ban on the broadcasting of news in general by "Radio Christian" of the religious circles. And they subordinated all the local radios to the "government"-controlled broadcasting system to relay "Radio Chungang."

The fascist clique also drastically cut the number of the newspapers by "closing and merging" them, closed the branch offices of the newspapers and totally banned free news coverage, including local coverage by newspaper reporters of Seoul, allowing them to deal with only official reports of the "government"-controlled news agency.

Under these fascist steps all the South Korean mass media including newspapers, news agency and radios have been totally placed under "government" control to

be reduced to tools propagandizing the reactionary policies of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique.

The manoeuvres of the fascist clique to have the South Korean press in their clutches and subsidize it got more hideous in the course of suppressing and expelling progressive men of the press.

In a short time following the May 17 fascist action in 1980, the Chon Tu-hwan group expelled from the press organs as many as 3,360 men of the press including over 700 newspaper, news agency and radio reporters on the charge of "lacking anti-communist spirit" under the cloak of "purification of the press."

In the later period, the fascist clique never ceased such fascist outrages as arresting and penalising conscientious and progressive men of the press calling for the democratisation of society and the reunification of the country.

More recently, they banned the sale of an anthology of South Korean poet Kim Chi-ha and walked off and detained personages concerned of the publishing house which had brought it out, touched on the raw by it.

All the fascist steps taken by the Chon Tu-hwan military hooligans prove that they are the most ruculent and shameless stranglers of the press and unparalleled fascist tyrants outdistancing all the preceding puppets.

'MINJU CHOSON' ATTACKS CHON FOR 'BELLICOSE JARGON'

SK082352 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1509 GMT 8 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 Oct (KCNA)—A few days ago the traitor Chon Tu-hwan turned up at a puppet air force base in the central region and cried that "a perfect night action posture should be established" and "dawn is particularly important in this." Commenting on this, MUNJU CHOSON today brands it as a bellicose jargon for inciting the consciousness of North-South confrontation and hostility and a war fever among the puppet army soldiers.

The author of the commentary says:

The traitor hammered away at the poppycock that "Dawn is particularly important" and the like as if there actually existed "threat of southward invasion." But no one will believe him.

Once the puppets raised a hue and cry about "southward invasion in winter" and "southward invasion in summer." Though winter and summer have passed several times since then, there has never been "threat of southward invasion."

The puppets who had cried about fictitious "southward invasion in winter" and "southward invasion in summer" are now clamouring about "dawn" and "night", flinging mud at us and inciting North-South confrontation and war fever. This shows with increasing clarity how far they have gone in their war frenzy.

It is under the backstage manipulation and with the backing of the U.S. imperialists that they are getting so frantic with war moves against us.

The Chon Tu-hwan pupper clique barely subsisting with the backing of outside forces tries to prolong its dirty remaining days by faithfully executing the U.S. imperialists policy of aggression and war.

When the traitor Chon Tu-hwan made the provocative utterances about the "establishment of perfect night action posture" and the like at the puppet air force base, he had in his mind the aim of stepping up war preparations on the order of U.S. imperialism.

Facts more clearly prove that the traitor Chon Tu-hwan is the dirty agent faithfully executing the U.S. imperialists aggressive policy and colonial rule.

The puppets talk about "peace", "unification" and "independence" is nothing but a subterfuge to veil their dirty nature.

With nothing, however, can they cover up their dirty colours as the enemy of peace and peaceful reunification and warmaniacs or attain their heinous aim.

DAILY DENOUNCES CHON'S FOUNDATION DAY ADDRESS

SK050549 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0405 CMT 5 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 5 Oct (KCNA)—In an "address" read by the puppet prime minister at a "ceremony marking the foundation day of Korea," traitor Chon Tu-hwan impudently let loose a string of balderdash about "idea of forefathers on national construction," "orthodox national history" and the like and cried again over "threat of southward invasion." This revealed the intention of the colonial stooge to find a way out in inciting North-South confrontation and anti-communism, intensifying fascist repression and persisting in a war policy.

So says a signed commentary of NODONG SINMUN Tuesday under the title "Balder-dash of Traitor Wearing Toga of Nation."

The commentary says:

It is ridiculous indeed for Chon Tu-hwan to whitewash his treacherous nature with "national" color, talking about "ancestors" and "nation" under the pretext of fictitious "threat of southward invasion."

Chon Tu-hwan is a truculent military hooligan who is not entitled to utter such words as "ancestors" and "nation" and is a vicious fascist murderer and dirty traitor who has been raised by U.S. imperialism.

Traitor Chon Tu-hwan is an out-and-out colonial stooge without an equal in the world; he is faithfully executing the colonial enslavement policy and war policy of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, calling them "protector" and "savior."

However hard he may try, this traitor cannot conceal his ugly colour as a colonial pupper and the crimes he has committed against the country and the nation.

The filthy pro-U.S., pro-Japanese lackey who should have been brought to justice by the people dared wag his tongue talking about "ancestors" and "nation". This itself is an intolerable mockery of the ancestors and an unpardonable insult to the honor and dignity of our nation.

He had also the cheek to talk about "creation of a new history" and "leap" in an attempt to prettify the deplorable reality of South Korea.

With no trick, however, can traitor Chon Tu-hwan conceal his treacherous crimes and the deplorable reality of South Korea consequent upon them or mislead public opinion at home and abroad.

AFRO-ASIAN SOLIDARITY GROUP BACKS DPRK PROPOSAL

SK080428 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0335 GMT 8 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 Oct (KCNA)—The permanent secretariat of the Afro-Asian people's solidarity organisation recently issued a statement supporting the memorandum of the DPRK Government, according to a report.

The U.S. imperialists continued military occupation of South Korea spells immeasurable misfortunes and miseries to the South Korean people, it said, and noted:

All the brutalities committed by U.S. imperialism in Korea and other regions of the world show that it still remains the international gendarme and the main threat to peace and security.

The U.S. forces must immediately stop encouraging the Chon Tu-hwan military clique to the creation of "two Koreas" and preparations for a new war.

The foul plot of the South Korean puppet clique to worm themselves into the Non-Aligned Movement must be thwarted and frustrated.

Chon Tu-hwan who committed unpardorable crimes not only against the South Korean people but against the Vietnamese, Arab and African peoples must step down from "power" at once.

Holding that to reunify the two parts of divided Korea into one is the only way of preventing a war and guaranteeing a lasting peace in this region of the world, the permanent secretariat of the Afro-Asian peoples solidarity organisation once again declares its full support to the DPRK proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo.

SPEAKERS AT UNGA SESSION SUPPORT KOREAN REUNIFICATION

SK091142 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1012 GMT 9 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 9 Oct (KCNA)--Delegates of many countries to the 37th session of the United Nations General Assembly expressed firm support to the reunification of Korea in their speeches at its plenary meeting, according to a report from New York.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, president of Democratic Kampuchea, said in his speech:

We firmly support the Korean people, our brothers and sisters, who ardently desire the reunification of the divided country. We warmly support the wise and patriotic proposals put forward by President Kim II-song of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea for achieving the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

Supporting the cause of Korea's reunification, the Sierra Leonean foreign minister expressed the belief that the courageous Korean people with a long history will make a greater contribution to the international community by achieving the reunification of the country.

The foreign minister of Botswana said that the Korean people want to reunify the divided country and held that the question of Korean reunification must be solved by the Korean people memselves.

The Zambian foreign minister said: We support the efforts of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea for the reunification of Korea and once again demand an immediate and unconditional withdrawal of foreign forces from South Korea.

DAILY OBSERVES DORK PROPOSAL ANNIVERSARY

SK110433 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0349 GMT 11 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 11 Oct (KCNA)—NODONG SINMUN Sunday carried an editorial article titled "Let Us Firmly Unite for Peaceful Reunification of Country Under Banner of Anti-U.S. Struggle for Independence" on the lapse of two years since the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song put forward the new proposal for reunifying the country through the founding of the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo and the ten-point policy of the confederal state in his report to the Sixth Congress of the Workers Party of Korea.

The article says:

The proposal for founding the DCRK advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song gives an allround exposition of all theoretical and practical questions pertaining to the establishment of a unified state from the principles and ways of forming a confederal state to its character and function, the duties of a unified government and regional governments and their mutual relations, the name of the confederal state and its policy.

The proposal for founding the DCRK and the policy of the confederal state constitute a most reasonable proposition for solving the question of national reunification in conformity with the specific conditions of the country and the desire and demand of the nation, and a most fair reunification charter acceptable to anyone who truly desires reunification.

For the realisation of this proposal we have repeatedly advanced many proposals, such as the formation of a preparatory committee for the founding of the DCRK, convocation of a conference for the promotion of national reunification and a joint conference of 100 Koreans and proposed Korea-U.S. talks for the settlement of the Korean question, the article notes, and says: None of these proposals have been realised so far. This is entirely because of the U.S. imperialists policy of division and war.

The article continues:

The U.S. imperialists seek to keep hold on South Korea for ever as their colony and military strategic stronghold against the DPRK and other countries.

In pursuance of this aggressive design, they set it as the basic strategy of their present Korean policy to maintain and strengthen their military occupation of South Korea and keep Korea divided by creating "two Koreas."

The pursue in an undisguised way the policy of "strength" against the Korean people, while persisting in the splittist line.

The U.S. imperialists occupation of and colonial domination over South Korea are the basic factor barring the reunification of our country, imposing colonial slavery upon the South Korean people, heightening tension and jeopardizing peace in the Korean peninsula. The puppet cliques policy of dependence on foreign forces thoroughly serves this aggressive policy of U.S. imperialism toward Korea. If the U.S. troops are allowed to remain and the colonial military fascist terror rule is tolerated in South Korea, neither the reunification of our country nor its peace is thinkable, and the national sovereignty will be further trampled underfoot.

The withdrawal of the U.S. troops from South Korea and the abolition of the colonial military rule there are the only way for the independent and peaceful reunification of our country.

The U.S. imperialists must immediately withdraw all their forces and destructive weapons from South Korea in accordance with the resolution of the 30th UN General Assembly session and take their hands of interference off Korea.

The armistice agreement must be replaced with a peace agreement.

The aggressive, treacherous and reactionary colonial military fascist rule must be overthrown in South Korea and the repression of patriotic and democratic forces be ended there without delay.

The entire Korean people will certainly realise the independent and peaceful reunification of the country by founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo, firmly rallied around the great national united front under the bannor of the anti-U.S. struggle for independence and national reunification, the inticle stresses.

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INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

PRC 'PEOPLE'S DAILY' SUPPORTS DCRK PROPOSAL

SK120509 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0453 GMT 12 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 12 Oct (KCNA)—The October 10 issue of the Chinese paper PEOPLE'S DAILY published a commentator's article titled "We Resolutely Support Struggle of the Korean People for Realising National Desire", according to a report from Beijing.

The daily introduced in detail the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo and the ten-point policy advanced by President Kim Il-song at the Sixth Congress of the Workers Party of Korea. The proposal enjoys the warm support of the entire Korean people and the general support of the world public circles, the daily noted, and said:

The reactionary stand of the Chon Tu-hwan clique trying to prolong the division of the nation is the internal cause for the delay in the solution of the Korean question.

The external cause lies in the United States refusal to observe the UN resolution on the Korean question passed at the 30th General Assembly.

While persisting in the "two Koreas" plot, the United States resorts to such sophism as "cross recognition by big powers" and "simultaneous entry of North and South Korea to the UN."

The paper went on:

The U.S. Government should respond to the proposal of the DPRK Government, respect the resolution of the 30th UN General Assembly, put an end to its intereference in Korea and withdraw all its troops and military equipment, so that the Korean people may resolve their own problems free from outside intereference.

The Chinese people have always supported the Korean people in their sacred struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of their fatherland. They stand up for the new proposal for founding the DCRK advanced by Comrade Kim Il-song.

Some time ago, the paper pointed out, General Secretary Hu Yaobang in his speech welcoming President Kim Il-song's visit to China reiterated that "the three principles and five-point policy for the peaceful reunification of the country and the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo put forward by Comrade Kim Il-song are reasonable and they accord with the fundamental interests and common desire of the entire Korean people."

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

WAR EXERCISES ATTEMPT TO DIVERT ATTENTION IN SOUTH

SK020820 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0802 CMT 2 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 2 Oct (KCNA)—The South Korean military holligans at the instigation of the U.S. imperialists held shooting exercises from September 14 to 19 in the sea near Ci Island east of Palmi Island, in the sea near Taechon port and in the sea around Anhung port, the West Sea, and in the sea southeast of Koje Island, the South Sea.

On September 27, they stated "a combined naval mobile exercise" with the mobilisation of various types of naval vessels in the South Sea, crying about someone's "infiltration" from the sea, sky and from under water and raised much ado with random firing.

Earlier, in Ausugt, the military fascists held shooting exercises in succession in the East, West and South seas.

In particular, they held a "river-crossing exercise" and "bridge rehabilitation exercise" by dragging out puppet army units, synchronising with the joint military exercise of the U.S. imperialist aggression forces and the South Korean puppet army called "the annual command post exercise of the combined forces command" at the close of August.

Such criminal war exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique are partly aimed to whip up a war atmosphere and thereby divert elsewhere the attention of the people opposing the colonial fascist ruling system and prevent their anti-U.S., anti-"government" action.

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

DAILY DENOUNCES CHON'S 'WAR PREPARATIONS'

SK060507 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0432 GMT 6 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 6 Oct (kCNA) -- The traitor Chon Tu-hwan on the order of the U.S. imperialists, turned up at an air base in the central region on October 3 and whipped up a war fever, hammering away at the poppycock that "a perfect posture for night action should be established" and "dawn is particularly serious".

Commenting on this, NODONG SINMUN today says that his behavior is very ominous and assumes dangerous proportions.

The author of a commentary headlined "rash acts of warmaniac" says:

It is not hard to gather what the traitor had in mind when he made these provocative utterances, while strutting about the base for hours.

The South Korean puppets never open their mouths without making such bellicose cries as "destroy communism" but are spurring on the arms reinforcement and "modernisation" of the puppet army to perfect war preparations and intensifying military provocations against us.

War whooping made by the puppet while inspecting a puppet army unit patently proves that the puppets intend to unleash a war against the DPRK at any cost and are biding their time for it.

The war moves of the puppets are unthinkable apart from the aggressive policy of the U.S. imperialists toward Forea.

Today the U.S. imperialists, putting up the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique, try to keep hold on South Korea indefinitely as their colony and military base and, further, realise their aggressive design on the whole of Korea.

On the other hand, they are further encouraging the South Korean puppers to military gamble.

When U.S. Secretary of State Smultz twaddled about "security commitments" to the South Korean puppers some time ago, he intended to instigate them to war. Owing to the manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets to unleash another war, a tense situation prevails in the Korean peninsula, which may lead to the outbreak of war any moment.

The U.S. imperialists must renounce their anachronistic policy of occupation and war toward South Korea and stop goading the puppets to war.

If the Chon Tu-hwan clique persistently follows the road of crime as a dirty colonial pupper of the U.S. imperialists, opposing the fellow countrymen and executing their war policy, it will surely meet a stern judgment of history and the people.

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

'MINDAN' PAPER HITS SOUTH'S STANCE ON TEXTBOOK

SK060427 Pyongyang KCNA In English 0332 GMT 6 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 6 Oct (KCNA)--A recent issue of MINJOK SIBO, a MINDAN-lining Korean paper published in Japan, carried an article lashing at the revision of textbooks by the Japanese authorities and the servile stance of the South Korean puppets toward Japan.

The paper points out that the revision of textbooks by Japan is aimed at justifying and beautifying the aggression and war committed by her and hastening militarisation.

Noting that the attitude of the puppet clique and political parties is dubious when the criticism of Japan is acrimonious among the South Korean people, the paper says:

Casting a sidelong glance at the opinion of the people and the attitude of other countries, the authorities were observing the countermove of the Japanese Government.

When the "foreign minister" reluctantly met the Japanese ambassador to South Korea in August and handed to him "a note demanding correction," he added: "Please understand the stand of our government in view of the mounting public opinion of the people." This vividly revealed their mean stance toward Japan. In other words, this was a step taken in fear of the development of the anti-Japanese Movement of the people into an anti-"government" movement in case their criticism of Japan was ignored indefinitely.

Such stance of South Korea toward Japan is explained by the fact that the core force in turning Japan to the right and militarising her is the pro-South Korean group within the Liberal Democratic Party, which defends the stand of South Korea and supports its "anti-communist security system." And it thought that it should not delay negotiation on account of the textbook issue for the earliest possible and favorable settlement of the question of "loan" from Japan, declaring that there is a trace of the manoeuvres of the Japanese Government to split and stifle the anti-Japanese public opinion with "economic cooperation" as a lever by takin, advantage of such sore spot of the South Korean puppet clique, the paper says: A struggle should be waged "to liquidate what is Japanese internally."

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

SOUTH FARMERS STRUGGLE FOR COMPENSATION FOR DAMAGE

SK150030 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2233 GMT 14 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA)—The South Korean peasants are rising up in a powerful struggle for their existence, according to reports.

Peasants in Namyangju County, Kyonggi Province, fought recently in demand of compensation for their loss, saying that their farm ing this year had been spoilt by the chemicals forced upon them by the puppet clique at high prices.

Peasants in Tongyong County, South Kyongsang Province, and Yongam County, South Cholla Province, also demanded compensation for the loss brought by the seed rice imposed upon them by the puppet clique which had made a havoc of their farming.

Peasants in Sugok-myon, Chinyang County, South Kyongsang Province, and in Piin-myon, Sochon County, South Chungchong Province, demanded compensation, denouncing the crimes of the puppet clique in causing tens of thousands of pyong of paddies to be inundated by opening the sluice gate, while peasants in Hwasong County, Kyonggi Province, lodged a strong protest with the puppet authorities and contractors who had dug up their crop fields after starting engineering works and demanded them to take an appropriate measure.

The population of Kwangju and other places of South Cholla Province came out in protest against crafty plunder by the puppets. They are enraged at the outrage of the puppet authorities who had forced the peasants of 27 areas of the province to sow a few designated crops and were now collecting them at cheap prices less than the production cost.

Peasants in Taegu and Pohang, North Kyongsang Province, are dealing a blow at the pupper clique who are running riot in robbing them of agricultural produce.

BRIEFS

SEOUL UNIVERSITY STUDENT ARRESTED—Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)—The South Korean military fascists on October 1 arrested Sin Kye-yon, a student of Sogang University in Seoul, by invoking the fascist "Law on Assembly and Demonstration," according to a report. On September 27 Sin Kye-yon waged a fierce demonstration with some 1,000 fellow students after scattering leaflets denouncing the U.S. imperialists, the Japanese reactionaries and the South Korean puppet clique. That day the student scattered 220 copies of leaflets on the campus calling upon the students to turn out in a demonstration. The Chon Tu-hwan fascist clique had already arrested many students to put them to harsh persecution. [Text] [SK040444 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0341 GMT 4 Oct 82]

'INCOGNITO INSPECTION' OF TEACHERS—Pyongyang, 7 Oct (KCNA)—The puppet Seoul education committee on the instructions of traitor Chon Tu-hwan decided to carry out an "incognito inspection" for an indefinite period from October 1 under the pretext of "eradicating teachers irregularities," according to a report. Crying that bribing and other corrupt practices are prevalent in the educational domain, too, it threatened that it would take a "decisive measure" against anyone exposed. This is another clumsy ruse to conceal the corruption of the puppets themselves and mislead public opinion. If there was bribing in the educational domain of South Korea, it must have been committed by traitor Chon Tu-hwan and other elements of the privileged and moneyed quarters. By staging the farce of "incognito inspection," the Chon Tu-hwan clique intend to disguise themselves as interested in eliminating corrupt practices. But, with this they can fool no one nor can cover up their true color as the chieftain of corruption. [Text] [SKO70358 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0336 GMT 7 Oct 82]

UNGA DELEGATES BACK UNIFICATION—Pyongyang, 7 Oct (KCNA)—Delegates of various countries expressed support to the Korean peoples just cause of national remification in their speeches at the plenary meeting of the 37th session of the United Nations General Assembly, according to a report from New York. The Togolese minister of foreign affairs and cooperation said: A governmental conference of African regional countries supporting the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea was held in Togo in July 1982. Our government supports the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Repbulic of Koryo put forward by the great leader President Kim Il—song. The entire Korean people want the reunification of the country and oppose any attempt to create "two Koreas." The deputy premier and foreign minister of Syria said: Though

the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea put forward new plans and proposals, the question of Korea's reunification still remains unsolved. We support the reunification of Korea in accordance with the just and realistic proposal of the DPRK Government. The Danish foreign minister in his speech stressed that the reunification of Korea should be achieved on the basis of the July 4 North-South joint statement. [Text] [SK070353 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 7 Oct 82]

STUDENTS ARRESTED FOR LEAFLETEERING--Pyongyang, 9 Oct (KCNA)--The South Korean military fascists on October 7 arrested four students including Pak Chae-kyong of Sukmyong Women's University in Seoul by invoking the fascist "Law on Assembly and Demonstration," according to a report. In the daytime of October 5 those students scattered more than 200 copies of anti-"government" leaflets on the campus and shouted slogans denouncing the Chon Tu-hwan traitor clique crimes through loudspeakers, urging the fellow students to rise in a demonstration. The Chon Tu-hwan fascist clique arrested them on charges of "agitating a demonstration." [Text] [SK090012 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2203 GMT 8 Oct 82]

POLISH DENOUNCES CHON'S AFRICAN TOUR--Pyongyang, 11 Oct (KCNA)--The October 1 issue of the Polish paper TRYBUNA LUDU carried an articel titled "Unsuccessful Trip" denouncing the African tour of traitor Chon Tu-hwan, according to a report. Recalling that a cartoon of Chon Tu-hwan arriving at the airport of an African country was carried in a publication, the paper says his African tour was a fruitless one. South Korea, it notes, is under the rule of most reactionary terrorists. They are Syngman Rhee, Pak Chung-hui and the present dictator Chon Tu-nwan who committed the sanguinary suppression of the Kwangju popular uprising, the paper says. Pointing out that the South Korean "Government" is unlimitedly inducing foreign capital, the paper says that it is aimed at meeting the demand of the United States in military domain. Referring to the recently published memorandum of the DPRK Government, the paper stresses that it enjoyed broad support of the world. [Text] [SK111039 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0804 GMT 11 Oct 82]

S.KORFAN STUDENT PRISON DEATH--Prongvang, 13 Oct (KCNA) -- The Chon Tu-hwan military fascist cliques brutal murder of Pak Kwan-hyon, a student of the Chonnam University who had participated in the Kwangju popular uprising, was brought to light to arouse vehement indignation among the people. Foreign reports say that the student died early on the morning of October 12 after a 40-day hunger protest against the fascist clique. A report said that he was the head of a student body at the Chonnam University and valiantly fought in the heroic Kwangju popular uprising which broke out in May 1980 against the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan military hooligans and was imprisoned later for his participation in the uprising to be subjected to harsh persecution and suppression. He did not cease his struggle against the fascist hangmen even under the unbearab'y difficult conditions in the prison but continued his persistent strikes, not yielding his principle till he was murdered by them. The fascist clique enforced a strict news blackout to keep this fact in the dark. But a part of this outrage was brought to light when one of his relatives telephoned from Kwangju to a number of foreign news media bureaus in Seoul. [Text] [SK130454 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0406 GMT 13 Oct 82

STUDENTS SENTENCED TO PRISON TERMS--Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA)--The Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique, at a trial held at the puppet Chunchon District Court on October 11, turned down an intermediate appeal brought in by Song Yun-sok and 7 other patriotic students of the South Korean Kangwon University and passed prison terms up to two years and six months upon them on charges of "violation of the law on assembly and demonstration", according to a report. The fascists inflicted a heavier penalty upon Song Yun-sok than the original sentence. On April 22 these students burned the Stars and Stripes and held a demonstration in the university campus, scattering anti-U.S., anti-"government" leaflets. [Text] [SK140150 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2225 GMT 13 Oct 82]

JAPANESE BEGGED TO INCREASE IMPURTS -- Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA) -- The puppet clique behaved itself in a shameful manner, begging of the Japanese side to buy more products of South Korea at a meeting of the "Committee for Trade Expansion and Proportion" held with its Japanese masters in Seoul, according to a report. Saving that their trade with Japan has been in the red, the puppets entreated the Japanese side to increase the import of South Korean goods. At the same time, the puppers asked the Japanese side to reduce its tariff rate and abolish restriction on import so that South Korea may freely export its goods. This shows the miserable position of the puppet clique gripped by economic difficulties as a result of its colonial dependence. The Japanese reactionaries try to subjugate South Korea economically and convert it into their commodity market by unilaterally dumping their goods in South Korea through trade. As a result, the puppers trade with Japan has become all the more unbalanced, producing a deficit of 2,818 million dollars in 1980 and 2,929 million dollars last year. [Text] [SK140836 Pyongvang KCNA in English 0819 GMT 14 Oct 82]

INCREASED DEFENSE SPENDING DENOUNCED--Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA)--The target of robbery for "defence spending" set by the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique for this year has jumped 6.67 per cent, according to a recent issued of a South Korean paper. Noting that the chronic recession of the South Korean economy is largely attributable to the increase of "defence expenditure," the paper lemands its drastic cut. [Text] [SK151514 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1500 GMT 15 Oct 82]

CSO: 1400/030

N.KOREA/POLITICS AND COVERNMENT

'NODONG SINMUN'ON CREATION OF SPEED OF 80'S

SKO41538 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1522 GMT 4 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today stresses that to vigorously wage the Three-Revolution Red Plag Movement is an important demand for actively arousing the masses to action to successfully carry out the vast tasks of socialist construction and create the "speed of the 80s."

In an editorial titled "Let Us Create the Speed of the 80s by Vigorously Waging the Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement" the paper says:

The Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement is a communistic mass movement of higher form for carrying to brilliant accomplishment the cause of modelling the whole of society on the chuche idea by energetically pushing forward the three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural, under the leadership of our party. This movement makes it possible to successfully carry out the tasks of rearing the entire members of society to be communist revolutionaries of chuche type boundlessly loyal to the party and the leader and thoroughly transforming and changing nature and society in conformity with the requirements of the chuche idea. Only by dynamically pushing ahead with the movement can the enthusiasm and metrle of the masses be enhanced to the maximum and a new, great upsurge be effected in socialist construction by giving full play to their creative ingenuity and wisdom.

Our party initiated the Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement in a historical period when the cause of modelling the whole of society on the chuche idea was pushed to the foreground and saw to it that it was carried on as a whole-party, all-people movement.

The Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement is a new policy of mass movement set forth by our party, reflecting the requirements of the developing reality when socialist construction has been brought to a new higher stage.

This movement puts up a demand of higher level than any other mass movements and helps hasten the revolutionarization, working-classification and intellecturalization of the party members and working people and thoroughly carry through the party's line of the three revolutions with a high degree of fidelity to the party and the leader in the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and hard struggle. The might of this movement lies in the fact that

it advances socialist construction at a fast tempo and strengthens the revolutionary forces in every way by ideologically rousing the working masses of broad segments.

Therefore, this movement should be pushed ahead vigorously to bring about a new revolutionary upswing in socialist construction and successfully carry out the vast tasks of economic construction.

The great vitality of the Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement has been proved in practice.

The ideological, technical and cultural revolutions have been firmly converted into a work of the masses themselves and a truly tremendous progress has been made in our revolutionary struggle and construction work in the flames of this movement that fiercely spread all over the country.

A radical change in the ideological and moral traits and work style of our functionaries, party members and working people and signal successes gained in socialist economic construction in recent years are all unthinkable apart from this movement. This clearly shows the validity of the policy and wise leadership of our party which initiated the Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement, a mass movement of higher form a development of the Chollima workteam movement in depth, and has energetically led this movement.

Practical experience proves that the thorough implementation of the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions through the vigorous Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement gives a firm guarantee for successfully capturing the ideological and material fortresses of communism and speedily advancing our revolutionary cause.

Noting that now our party demands that the Three-Revolution Red Flag Movement be pushed forward powerfully in close combinaton with the struggle for the creation of the "speed of the 80s", the editorial says:

This reflects the far-reaching plan and firm will of the party centre to advance our revolution and construction at a high rate and successfully realize the modelling of the whole society on the chuche idea.

N.KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

KIM CHONG-IL'S EXPERIENCE, TRAINING NOTED

SK051103 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1011 GMT 5 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 5 Oct (KCNA) -- The September issue of the Egyptian magazine SAUT AL OURBAH carried an article headlined "Secretary Kim Chong-il Is Walking the Road of Tens of Thousands of Ni Covered by President Kim Il-Song."

It says:

Secretary Kim Chong-il has gained perfect grasp on the chuche idea through his revolutionary practical struggle and active pursuit. He spent his child-hood and youth in the period of the democratic revolution and the fatherland liberation war against U.S. imperialism and in the period of postwar rehabilitation and construction and socialist revolution and acquired a profound grasp of the principles of the chuche idea in the arduous revolutionary practice, following the road covered by His Excellency President Kim Il-song.

He has personally experienced the grim trials, following the course of the revolutionary activities of his excellency president. He has always been with his excellency president who has made trips of tens of thousands of ni for on-the-spot guidance.

Secretary Kim Chong-il deeply understood the exploits of his excellency president in the revolutionary activities and grasped the truth of revolution and established the revolutionary world outlook of churche particularly in the course of accompanying him in on-the-spot guidance. In this course he became possessed of brilliant intelligence and outstanding leadership as a great leader. And in this course he gained thorough knowledge of the strategic lines of revolution put forward by his excellency president and acquired the revolutionary work method, popular style of work and noble communists traits.

He made the chuche idea his unshakable faith through the practice of the revolutionary struggle.

He made an assiduous study to grasp the chuche idea of his excellency president and made energetic searches in its essence.

On this basis Secretary Kim Chong-il has conducted ideological and theoretical activities and developed and enriched the revolutionary idea and revolutionary theory of his excellency president.

C30: 4100/030

N.KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

'NODONG SINMUN' MARKS ANNIVERSARY OF 1930 KIM IL-SONG GUIDANCE

SKO21111 Pyongyang KCNA ir English 1056 GMT 2 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 2 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN Friday carried an article titled "Banner of Chuche Held High Over the Homeland" on the occasion of the 53d anniversary of the meeting or chiefs of underground revolutionary organizations guided by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song in Turu Hill, Onsong County, North Hamgyong Province, in the period of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle.

The article says:

The advance of the great leader Comrade Kim II-song into the homeland and the meeting in Turu Hill in the autumn of 1930 were an event of historic significance which recorded a shining chapter in the glorious annals of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle of our people.

Our revolution entered a new stage of development after the historical Kalum meeting (in the summer of 1930) which put forward a chuche-based line and strategic and tactical policies of the Korean revolution. But the revolutionary struggle in the homeland failed to gain momentum at that time due to the Japanese imperialist fascist suppression.

Owing to the vicious moves of the factionalists in those days, it arose as a more urgent problem to strengther the guidance of the revolutionary movement in the homeland.

The leftist opportunists and sectarian-flunkeyists who had wormed into the ranks of the communist movement opposed the expansion and development of the revolutionary struggle in the howeland.

The great leader set out on the road of advance into the homeland at that time when the situation and the development of the revolution raised it as an urgent demand to strengthen the guidance of the revolutionary movement in the homeland, and convened a meeting of chiefs of underground revolutionary organizations from Onsong and other parts of the country on October 1, 1930, in Turu Hill and made a historic speech there.

In his speech he first gave a scientific analysis of the situation prevailing at that time and the historical lessons of the anti-Japanese national-liberation struggle in our country in the past period and again clarified the basic stand to be firmly maintained by the Korean communists in the revolutionary struggle.

He taught that the Koreams should invariably defend the Koream revolution through thick and thin with an independent faith and true revolutionary outlook as masters of the Korean revolution and solve all questions arising in the revolutionary struggle in conformity with the specific realities of our country by relying on the strength and wisdom of the popular masses on all accounts.

Next, in his speech he clearly expounded the tasks and ways for implementing the chuche-based line and strategic and tactical policies of the Korean revolution.

In advancing the task for carrying through the line of anti-Japanese armed struggle, he put forward the policy of turning the northern border area along the river Tuman into a strategic stronghold for armed struggle.

In order to cement the mass basis of the revolution, he said, the revolutionary organizations that already rooted among the masses should be firmly built up and their role be enhanced and, at the same time, more revolutionary organizations should be formed to firmly rally the masses in all walks of life under the banner of the anti-Japanese struggle.

Laying stress on actively promoting preparations for the founding of the party, he gave a clear-cut exposition of the problems of principle arising in party construction, such as forming party organizations at the lowest level first of all and constantly expanding and strengthening them and raising the leading role of party organizations in the revolutionary movement.

The historic speech of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song at the meeting served as a programmatic guideline in vigorously developing the Korean revolution as a whole under the banner of chuche.

N.KOREA/ECONOMY

UNUSUALLY RICH CROPS EXPECTED IN DPRK

SK071520 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1501 GMT 7 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 7 Oct (KCNA)--Autumn harvesting is now in full swing in the Korean countryside which has been visited by an unusually rich harvest thanks to the thorough application of the chuche methods of farming.

Crops are very rich this year throughout the country--not only in the p'ain areas but also in the in-between and mountain areas.

Crops are of record proportions particularly in the provinces on the Western coast, leading granaries of the country.

Many counties of North Pyongan Province foresee each an increase of more than 1,000 tons of grain above the previous peak years. In particular, Yong-chon and Yomju counties expect an increase of 8,200 and 12,900 odd tons respectively.

Many plains in South Hwanghae Province expect to reap 9-10 tons of rice from each hectare on an average.

In Sukchor, Mundok, Pyongwon and many other counties of South Pyongan Province crops are better than the revious peak years. As a result, many coperative farms located in Yoldusamcholli plain will produce more than 10,000 tons of grain each.

Kaepung County, Kaesong, expects to increase the county as a whole.

Kaepung County, Kaesong, expects to increase the county as a whole.

Bumper crops have visited the Eastern coast areas, too.

This year Kangwon Province foresees on increase of more than one ton above last year in per hectare grain susput on an average and South Hamgyong Province an increase of 1-1.5 tons in per hectare rice output.

An average increase of 1-2 ton in per hecture maize yield above last year is expected at many cooperative farms. The per hecture maize output is estimated at 13 tons at the maximum in some fields in various parts.

Weather conditions this year were very unfavourable: severe drought continued for more than 160 days in the spring and summer of this year, which was followed by heavy rain.

Despite these unfavourable conditions, our agricultural working people have become able to reap a rich harvest thanks to the solid material and technical foundations of the rural economy and the thorough application of the great chuche methods of farming.

Now the agricultural working people and their helpers in all parts of the country are bringing in rich crops in time.

N.KOREA/ECONOMY

BRIEFS

RICE HARVEST PROGRESS--Pyongyang, 7 Oct (KCNA)--As of October 5, rice harvesting was finished in North and South Hwanghae provinces, North Pyongan Province, Nampo Municipality and Chagang Province, according to data available from the agricultural commission. Rice harvesting has been wound up in the main in Pyongyang Municipality, South Pyongan Province, Kaesong Municipality and Nyanggang Province and is at the final stage in North and South Hamgyong provinces and Kangwon Province. Thus, it has been wound up in 96.4 per cent of the paddy fields as of October 5, taking the country as a whole. As the amount of work increased because many coeperative farms foresee an increment of over one ton in average per hectare grain output above last year, province, cities and counties are accelerating autumn harvest 7-10 days earlier than usual on an average by rationally utilizing labour force and machines. [Text] [SKO71023 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0807 CMT 7 Oct 82]

N.KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

ANNIVERSARY OF 'PYONGYANG SIMMUN' REPORTED

SK071134 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1009 CMT 7 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 7 Oct (KCNA)—The 25th anniversary of the founding of the newspaper PYONGYANG SINMUN was commemorated.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song founded PYONGYANG SIMMUN in 1957 on the basis of the deep and stout roots of our party's press nursed by him in the period of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle.

PYONGYANG SIMMUN has served as an intimate educator and guide loved by the citizens of the capital by conducting chuche-based newspaper activities under the wise guidance of the great leader and the glorious party centre.

The great leader clearly defined the character and mission of the newspaper of the capital and its duty and has brightly shown the orientation of edition and ways for it in each period and stage of the developing revolution.

The glorious party centre has given perfect answers to all the theoretical and practical questions arising in developing PYONGYANG SIMMUN in conformity with the demand of the developing revolution at a new stage and wisely led it to properly embody them.

PYONGYANG SINMIN, therefore, has covered a road of shining victory in the past 25 years.

A meeting celebrating the 25th anniversary of the founding of PYONGYANG SINMUN was held on October 6.

Present there was Comrade So Yun Sok, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea and chief secretary of the Pyongyang Municipal Committee of the WPK.

cso: 4100/030

BRIEFS

GROUP DEPARTS FROM JAPAN--Pyongyang, 29 Sep--The delegation of the "People's Korea" supporters association headed by Yi Chong-tae, vice-president of the Federation of Korean Traders and Industrialists in Japan, left Pyongyang on September 28 by plane after a visit to the socialist homeland. [Text] [Pyong-yang KCNA in English 0337 CMT 29 Sep 82 SK]

CHONGNYON DELEGATION DEPARTURE—Pyongyang, 8 Oct (KCNA)—The congratulatory group of Koreans in Japan headed by Pak Jae—o, vice—chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (CHONGNYON), left Pyongyang on October 5 by plane after visiting the socialist homeland to celebrate the 34th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea. Many working people in the city came out to the air—port to see off the group. Set up amidst them was a portrait of the great lead—er of our party and our people Comrade Kim Il—song. Among the well—wishers at the airport were comrades Kim Chung—nin and Chong Chun—ki, and Yi Yong—su, Kim Man—kum, Kim Pong—chu, Kim Chu—yong, Kim I—hun, Yo Yon—ku and other per—sonages concerned. [Text] [SK052243 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2223 GMT 5 Oct 82]

CHONG CHUN-KI MEETS CHONGNYON DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA)--Vice-Premier Chong Chun-ki on October 13 met the delegation of publication workers of the General Association of Kolean Residents in Japan (CHONGNYON) headed by Yi Pok-nam, director of the Sidac Publishing House, on a visit to the socialist homeland and had a talk with it in an atmosphere overflowing with compatriotic sentiments. Present there was K m Chu-vong, director of the General Bureau of Overseas Compatriots Affairs. [Text] [SK140830 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0817 GMT 14 Oct 82]

CHONGNYON DELEGATION BANQUET--Pyongyang, 6 Oct (KCNA)--The administration council arranged a banquet at the People's Palace of Culture Tuesday evening in honour of the delegation of traders and industrialists under the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (CHONGNYON) in Tokyo on a visit to the socialist homeland. Invited there were the members of the delegation headed by O Im-hwa, adviser to the Foderation of Korean Traders and Industrialists in Japan. Present there were Kim Lhu-yong, Yo Yon-ku and other personages concerned. Speeches were made by Kim Chu-yong, director of the General Bureau for Overseas Compatriots Affairs, and O Im-hwa, head of the delegation. The attendants of the banquet drank toasts wholeheartedly wishing good health and a long life to the great leader of our party and our people Comrade Kim Il-song. [Text] [SKO60840 Prongyang KCNA in English 0828 GMT 6 Oct 82]

CHONONYON CHAIRMAN CABLES PRC PREMIER--Tokyo, 5 Oct (KNS-KCNA)--Han Tok-su, chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (CHONGNYON), sent a message of greetings to Zhao Ziyang, premier of the State Council of the Peoples Republic of China, on the occasion of the 33d anniversary of the founding of the Peoples Republic of China. Extending warm felicitations and greetings to the fraternal Chinese people in his message, he noted that over the past 33 years the Chinese people, under the wise leadership of the Communist Party of China, have converted their country into a new socialist China pulsating with life by giving full play to the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and are today making a big progress in their efforts to realise the grand program of socialist modernisation. Expressing the belief that the great friendship and unity between the Korean and Chinese peoples established and constantly consolidated and developed by the respected leader Marshal Kim Il-song and the party and state leaders of the Peoples Republic of China would continue to be strengthened and developed in the future, too, he wished the Government of the Peoples Republic of China and the fraternal Chinese people new success in their righteous struggle. [Text] [SK062225 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2202 GMT 6 Oct 82]

KOREAN RETURNEES FROM JAPAN--Chongjin, 4 Oct--Koreans returning from Japan to the socialist homeland in the 186th batch arrived in Chongjin on board the ship "Mangyongbong" on October 4. The returnees were warmly met at the wharf by a large crowd of working people in Chongjin and Deputy Director of the General Bureau for Overseas Compatriots Affairs Yi Kong-su, Secretary of the Chongjin Municipal Committee of the Workers Party of Korea Ho Kyu-chin and Vice-chairman of the Chongjin Municipal Peoples Committee Pak Chang-sik. They had an emotional reunion with their families and relatives at the wharf. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0330 GMT 5 Oct 82 SK]

CHONG CHUN-KI MEETING--Pyongyang, 29 Sep--Vice-Premier Chong Chun-ki on September 28 met the delegation of graduating class students of Choson University under the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (CHONGNYON) headed by Yi Kwang-hyon, deputy cirector of the normal education faculty of the university, staying in the socialist homeland, and had a talk with it in an atmosphere overflowing with compatriotic sentiments. Present on the occasion was Chang Pong-chun, deputy director of the General Bureau of Overseas Compatriots Affairs. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0343 CMT 29 Sep 82 SK] Pyongyang, 29 Sep--Vice-Premier (hong Chun-ki on September 28 met with 100th home-visiting group of Koreans in Japan headed by Kim Yong-chin, section chief of the Social Affairs Department of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (CHONGNYON), now staying in the socialist homeland, and had a conversation with it in an atmosphere overflowing with compatriotic sentiments. Present on the occasion was Chang Pongchun, deputy director of the General Bureau of Overseas Compatriots Affairs. [Text] [Pvongyang KCNA in English 0345 GMT 29 Sep 82 SK]

'MANGYONGBONG' SHIP--Pvongyang, .9 Sep--The ship "Mangyongbong" left Chongjin port on September 28 to carry home the 186th batch of Korean citizens returning to the socialist homeland from Japan. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2213 GMT 28 Sep 82 SK]

090: 4100/030

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

SOCIALIST COUNTRIES OBSERVE DPRK NATIONAL DAY

SK041524 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1500 GMT 4 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--Meetings were held in socialist countries on the occasion of the 34th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic Republic of Korea, according to reports.

A portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and a portrait of Comrade Todor Zhivkov, president of the State Council of Bulgaria, were placed on the platform of a meeting which was held in Ruse, Bulgaria.

In his speech Dimiter Bonev, vice-chairman of the Ruse Provincial Peoples Council, said that the Korean people had turned their country, once backward, into a socialist industrial state with a solid independent national economy and developed agriculture in a brief period under the wise leadership of the Workers Party of Korea headed by the respected Comrade Kim Il-song.

He continued:

The DPRK has established friendly relations with a large number of countries in the world and her international prestige is rising day by day.

The Bulgarian people will as ever actively support the Korean peoples just struggle for the reunification of the country.

The director of the Bucharest electrical machinery plant made a speech at a central meeting which was held under the sponsorship of the Bucharest Municipal Committee of the Romanian Communist Party and the Romania-Korea Friendship Association.

Under the outstanding guiance of the great leader Comrade Kim II-song, he said, the people of the DPRK beat back the foreign imperialist aggressors and the South Korean puppet clique and won a shining victory in the fatherland liberation war.

After introducing in detail the successes made by the Korean people in socialist economic construction, he said:

The Communist Party and prople of Romania have always extended active support to and full solidarity with the friendly Korean people in their just cause and in their struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu, general secretary of the RCP and president of Romania, has always supported and is supporting all the constructive proposals put forward by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

A meeting was also held at the Buz wire factroy in Buzau, Romania.

The first secretary of the Otwock City Committee of the Polish United Workers Party made a speech at a meeting held under the co-sponsorship of the Otwock City Committee of the PUWP and the Otwock City Council and the Poland-Korea Friendship Club.

September 9 is a significant day when the heroic Korean people founded the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, the first worker-peasant state in Northeast Asia, he said, and continued:

The ten long-range objectives of socialist economic construction for the 1980s and the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and the ten-point policy of the unified state put forward by Comrade Kim II-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea and president of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, at the Sixth Congress of the Workers Party of Korea are of weighty significance in the development and prosperity of the country and in the accomplishment of the reunification cause.

The ten-point policy of the unified state clearly indicates the road to be followed by a reunified Korea.

Meanwhile, a friendship meeting took place at the Swider school in Otwock.

A letter and a message of greetings to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song were adopted respectively at the meeting and friendship meeting held in Poland.

('SO: 4100/030

N.KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KIM CHONG-IL PRAISED AS 'GENIUS OF LEADERSHIP'

SK061047 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1019 GMT 6 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 6 Oct (KCNA)—Exhibitions of books, photographs and handiworks of our country were recently held in the capital of Tanzania and the capital and a local town of Zimbabwe, according to reports.

In Tanzania our exhibition attended the Sixth Dar es Salaam International Trade Fair.

Portraits of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song were put in place of honour in the exhibition halls.

On display there were immortal classic works of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, Korean books, pictures showing successes achieved by our people in the revolution and construction and handiworks.

The exhibition in Tanzania was visited by President Julius K. Nyerere, and the foreign minister, the minister of foreign trade, the minister of economy and planning, the minister of industries, department directors and members of the Central Committee of the Revolutionary Party of Tanzania and other party and government leading functionaries, men of political, social, academic and press circles and people of all walks of life, 150,000 in all.

More than 40,000 people called at the exhibition in Zimbabwe. Among the visitors were President Canaan Banana, and the minister of legal and parliamentary affairs, the minister of mining, the minister for state, the chairman of the Senate, members of the Political Bureau of the Zimbabwe African National Union and other party and government cadres and personages of all circles.

the exhibitions drew capacity visitors every day, evoking wide-spread repercussions upon them.

P. Bekochewana, president of the theory and practice centre of Kimilsongism in Zimbabwe, said:

The respected leader Comrade Kim II-song took the road of revolution in his early years and founded the immortal chuche idea, thus ushering in the era of chuche which holds the most brilliant place in human history and indicating

A true road of struggle to the once maltreated and oppressed peoples for shaping their destiny independently and creatively.

An instructor of the Chingginduma Youth Academy in Harare, Zimbabwe, said:

The deal leader Comrade Kim Chong-il is not only an outstanding thinker and theoretician but also a great activist and a genius of leadership showing a brilliant example in mass leadership. He has perfectly grasped the chuche art of leadership and method of mass leadership created by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and is brilliantly carrying forward and developing them.

He always believes in the strength of the popular masses and accelerates the revolution and construction in reliance upon it, thereby effecting a new miracle and innovation.

P. Kombayi, mayor of Gweru, Zimbabwe, stressed: I have read works of Comrade Kim Il-song, the outstanding hero, great thinker and theoretician and founder of the immortal chuche idea and gained a deep knowledge of his profound and unique revolutionary idea.

Going round the exhibition, J. Ibrahavsavto, a statistician in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania, said that he was very deeply moved by the miraculous successes achieved by the Korean people in the revolution and construction under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

N. Kitomari, senior secretary of the Ministry of Foreign Trade of Tanzania, said that Korea ranks first in the world in irrigation and that she completed the irrigation and electrification of agriculture long ago and harvests bumper crops every year by applying the chuche method of farming advanced by President Kim Il-song.

Maruso, an officer in Dar es Salaam, expressed full support to the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo put forward by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, stressing that this is a very just and reasonable proposal.

For the reunification of Korea, he noted, the U.S. imperialist aggression troops occupying South Korea must withdraw from there, first of all.

N.KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

BANGLADESH PAPER ON KIM CHONG-IL'S LOVE OF PEOPLE

SKC71550 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1520 GMT 7 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 7 Oct (KCNA)--The September 9 issue of the Bangladesh paper NEW NATION carried an article titled "Warm Heart for the People", printing a photograph of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song together with the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

Dear Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau, and secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea, is a tenderhearted leader of the people, the paper notes, and says:

As the father of the nation, he always represents the demands and interests of the people and devotes all his energies to the work for their realisation.

The warm love of the dear leader Secretary Kim Chong-il for the people has been displayed all the more fully to be a great epic in this land in the course of learning from the noble popular personality of the respected leader President Kim Il-song and embodying it in revolutionary practice.

Recalling that when he took part in the Yongsong road expansion project in Pyongyang in the summer of 1961, the dear leader himself relieved an old woman of her chore near the project site, though a trifling work but proceeding from her patriotic mind, telling his comrades to help her with it, the paper continues:

Hearing belatedly that the kind person was the dear leader, the old woman respectfully paid courtesy to him in a voice choked with emotion.

Warmly grasping her hands, the dear leader said in a soft voice: "Grandma, don't mention it. I am also a son of the working people. What would I hesitate to do if it is for the good of the people? Nothing is better than to work for the people."

This means that like the great leader, he himself is a true son of the people who was born to work for the people and is devoting his all to the happiness of the people. This is her unswerving view on the people and the support of firm faith deeply rooted in his mind.

his love for the people is based on the immortal chuche idea that regards man as a most valuable being and on a genuine humanism with which he regards everyone of the Korean people as his kith and kin.

Unfolded on the bank of the Potong River quietly flowing through Pyongyang, the capital of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, is a picturesque scene of such buildings for the promotion of health and welfare of the people and for their cultural and emotional life as the peoples palace of culture, the Pyongyang indoor stadium, the ice rink, the Changgwang health complex and the Chongnyu restaurant, products of the popular policy of the state.

Each of these buildings is deeply associated with his unbounded love for the working people.

When the Changgwang health complex was under construction, the dear leader came out to the construction site. Acquainting himself with the accommodation capacity of the public bathrooms for men which was designed passively, he said to personages concerned: "Have you set the accommodation capacity, taking into consideration the desire of the people to come to this modern bathhouse?" He helped find a way for increasing the accommodation capacity and warmly remarked that to do the project over again might be rather difficult but it is a demand of the people.

When the problem of water, thousands of tons of which is needed to fill the swimming pool and bathhouse each time, was raised as a difficult one, the dear leader indicated a principle for the solution of the water problem, saying: "There must be not even one percent of stale water in the baths, swimming pool and a wading pool which would be used by our people. We must find out a way on the principle of draining 100 percent of stale water and filling 100 percent of fresh water."

The paper continues:

Early in the morning of one day in mid-August, 1981, the dear leader inspected the inside of the ice rink which was nearing completion. Seeing that the inside walls, the columns of the entrance hall and the ceiling are not amply clear, fresh, fascinatingly bright and dazzling, he criticised functionaries in the field of construction for their wrong attitude to the people.

Noting that the ice rink should be built with sincere efforts because it is not a property of any individual person but of the people, he said that it would be good only when the people say good, not merely because designing workers say good.

Since hey would be widely used by people, the ceiling and floor, walls and columns should be built on the highest level from the viewpoint of the present and future, not wedded to the old view and standard. This was the demand and standard of the dear leader.

One day in July 1975, the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il visited the freezing factory of the Soho fishery station on the east coast of Korea. In summer clothes, he went round for a long time in each room of the cold storage whose temperature was 20 degrees below zero and gave programmatic teachings on improving food supplies to the people.

The paper stresses:

He taught how to improve the dietary life of the people, denying himself even a moment's rest and forgetful of mealtime. He is indeed a true leader of the people.

Busy as he is leading the sacred revolutionary cause to victory, the dear leader is deeply concerned even about a trifling matter related to the health and life of the working people and gives them unbounded happiness and joy.

He showed such a warm care and solicitude that it was possible to revive a steel worker who had been declared dead by modern medicine and save two seamen who were attacked by serious diseases in the middle of an ocean far away from Korea to resume their work at their revolutionary posts.

Under such warm love of the dear leader, the Korean people are leading a worthy life to their hearts content.

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N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

DAILIES HAIL SURINAME ENVOY'S UPCOMING VISIT

SKODO455 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0406 CMT 8 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 Oct (KCNA)--Papers here today carry editorial article welcome of the visit of Roy Horb, vice-president of the policy centre and deputy commander of the National Army of the Republic of Surinam, to Korea a special envoy of the president of the policy centre who is the commander the National Army of the Republic of Surinam.

NODONG SIMMUN says that Roy Horb's visit to Korea is an important event in bringing the friendly and cooperative relations between the peoples of Koreand Surinam to a higher stage.

It will go a long way toward developing the friendly relations betwen the people and the peoples of Latin America and Caribbean region and promoting the vause of the non-aligned and developing countries against imperialism and independence, the paper notes.

Pointing out that since the victory of the revolution in February 1980 the Surinam people have made a big advance in the struggle for the building of new society, the paper says:

The Surinam Government supports the struggle of the third world people, still gling in external relations for peace, non-alignment, national independence and sovereignty and territorial integrity. In particular, it is making posteriors to strengthen unity and cooperation with the people of the Caribbeau region.

The Karean people sincerely rejoice as over their own over the successes may by the Surinam people in the building of a new society and express solidari with their just struggle.

Though Forea and Surinam are separated by a long distance geographically, the are linked with each other by the bonds of friendship in the common strugglagainst imperialism and for independence.

Today it fully accords with the interests and desires of the two peoples to develop on to a new, higher stage the friendly and cooperative relations to tween Korea and Surinam.

The Korean people will, as in the past, so in the future, too, actively strive to develop the friendly and cooperative relations with the Surinan people.

MINJU CHOSON says: The visit of Vice-President Roy Horb to Korea shows that the friendly and cooperative relations between the two peoples are developing on to a new, higher stage.

N.KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KIM IL-SONG RECEIVES MESSAGE FROM PLO'S 'AKAFAT

SK090416 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0335 CMT 9 Oct 82

[Text] Prongyang, 9 Oct (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim II-song, president of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, received a message of greetings from Yasir 'Arafat, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organisation and commander-in-chief of the Palestine Revolutionary Armed Forces, on the occasion of the 34th anniversary of the founding of the DFRK.

The message dated October 1 reads:

Feeling happy it extending, in the name of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organisation, the entire Palestinian people and in my name, warmest felicitations to you and to the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea on the occasion of the 34th anniversray of the National Day of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, I wish you good health and a long life and happiness and the friendly Korean people steady progress and prosperity.

Dear comrade.

The Palestinian people regard the National Day of the DPRK as a holidary of a friendly and sincere people who have rendered most excellent support and encouragement to them.

The entire Palestinian people has earnestly noped for celebrating your national day together with you.

Dwar comrade.

But we could not relebrate most wholeheartedly your national day owing to fine aggression of the imperialists and Zionists which our people had sustained in the past period and have sustained particularly from several months ago.

As you know, the Zionist clique with the full support from the United States committed a brutal massacre of infenceless people including children, women until tolks in the Palestinian refugee camps in Beirut.

The aggression of imperialism and lichism has reached the most barbarous and inhuman stage.

Such aggression of theirs continues in various forms against our people in Lebanon and occupied Palestinian Tand.

If their aggression continues in this form, this will result in killing tens of thousands of our Palestinian people and leaving them without shelters.

The Unvielding struggle of the Palestinian people will continue; the invasion of imperialism and Lionism could not influence our peoples conviction of final victory and their confidence in the capacity to win their legitimate national rights including the rights to return to the homeland, self-determination and the right to build an independent state in the homeland.

in this struggle the Palestinian people are relying upon their own efforts and capacity and the peoples of all countries and progressive forces of the world supporting justice and world peace.

Dear comrade.

In this connection, the Palestillia people pay regards to you and to the Koronn people for the every possible effort made by the Democratic Peoples Republic of Koron to support the just cause of Palestine, expose all the plots and machinations of imperialism and Zionism and create an international climate for supporting the Palestinian cause.

for people firmly believe that these efforts will continue to strengthen in the future, too, and bear fine fruits.

typressing once again warmest tell frations and noble respect to you and to the surean people on the National Day of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Fores. I wish your excellency good health and a long life and the Korean people continuous progress and prosperity.

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N.KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

YUGOSLAV PAPER NOIES NORTH'S OPPOSITION TO BLOCS

SKINU523 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1510 GMT 9 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 9 Oct (KCNA)—Yugoslav papers recently published article. observing the 34th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic Peoples Rejuin of Korea, according to a report.

The paper DNEVNIK pointed out that the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song founder the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea and led the Korean people to a happier and bright future.

Noting that the DPRK has established diplomatic relations with a large number of countries in the world and is playing a big role in the international areas as a member nation of the Non-Aligned Movement, the paper said:

President Kim Il-song, the great leader of the Korean people, has wisely led the struggle to get over all the difficulties confronting Asia and the world over the last scores of years.

He has further developed and enriched the chuche idea calling for maintaini; an independent view on the revolution and thereby greatly inspires the Third World countries today.

The Likk does not tolerate the solittist policy of blocs nor recognise anyone's domination but resolutely opposes the imperialists interference in the internal affairs of small countries.

The Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea holds that the Third World countries should closely unite to oppose all manner of domination.

These policies have brought about a brilliant fruition.

The paper POLITIKA EKSPRES wrote:

in all aspects of state and social life of Korea, and it is put into praction in dependence in politics, self-sustenance in economy and self-reliance in politics.

The Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea headed by President Kim Il-song maintains that the country should be reunified free from any outside interference, the paper VJESNIK remarked, and said:

This enjoys the great support of the non-aligned countries including Yugo-sluvia.

It expressed support to the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Korvo.

Recent issues of other Yugoslav papers OSLOBODJENJE and VECERNHI LIST also introduced the successes achieved by the DPRK in different domains over the last 34 years.

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N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

ROMANIAN, YUGOSLAV, BULGARIAN MEDIA ON DPRK AMMIVERSARY

SK121213 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1020 GMT 12 Oct 82

[Text] Pyongyang, 12 Oct (KCNA)--Publications of socialist countries carrier articles greeting the 34th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, according to reports.

A recent issue of the Romanian paper SCINTEIA wrote in its editorial article

Romania actively supports the proposal for founding the Democratic Confedera. Republic of Koryo, advanced by Comrade Kim II-song at the Sixth Congress of the Workers Party of Korea.

The meetings and talks held in Pyongyang and Bucharest between Comrade Kim Usong and Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu played a decisive role in the development of the friendly relations between the two parties and peoples.

The Romanian people, cherishing the warm feelings of friendship and solidar it toward the fraternal Korean people, hope that they will achieve greater some assembles in socialist construction and realise their legitimate desire to limit inified, democratic and prosperous country, the paper said.

With our issue of another Romanian paper SCIENTEIA TINERETULUI introduced in level Korea's achievements in industry over the last ten years. Not only willistry but all other fields are developing at a fast tempo under the spector of the Workers Party of Korea, it noted.

Trecent issue of the Yugoslav paper KOMUNIST said that the Korean people with wise leadership of the Workers Party of Korea headed by President Kim Illum, have converted their country into a socialist state with a modern indicate leading agriculture in a short period, overcoming manifold difficulties that the country is a short period, overcoming manifold difficulties.

rete way in all realms of the revolution and construction in the Democratic Peoples Republic of Rorea.

tion and construction should be solved independently in conformity with the specific conditions and pecularities of ones own country on ones own strengt in the strength of others.

This idea is the only guiding idea of the Workers party of Korea and the guiding principle of all activities in the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea.

As a member nation of the Non-Alimed Movement the Democratic Peoples Republic I Korea, the paper stressed, actively struggles to defend and strengthen the unity and solidarity of this movement on the basis of its fundamental priniples.

A recent issue of the Eulgarian weekly journal iKONOMICHESKI ZHIVOT in an article introduced the successes of the Korean people in socialist construction and the ten long-range prospective targets of the socialist economic construction.

The Democratic Peoples Republic of Rorea is striving to acheive the reunification of the country by her own efforts, the journal noted.

Trecent issue of the Bulgarian paper OTECHESTVEN FRONT in a travelogue on our rountry stressed:

science and technology and a most developed economic power. This is, indeed, a miracle.

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N. NOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KIM IL-SONG REPLIES TO HU YAOBANG, BREZHNEV

SK110426 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0330 CMT 11 Oct 82

least] Pyongyang, 11 Oct (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim II—song, secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea and party of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, sent messages to party and leaders of various countries, in reply to their messages of greetings sometime on the occasion of the 34th anniversary of the DPRK founding.

Messages were sent to:

Comrade Hu Yaobang, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Central Committee of the Central Committee of the Central Committee of China, and Comrade Ye Jianying, chairman of the Standing Committee of the National Peoples Congress of the Peoples Republic of China;

domrade Leonid Il'ich Brezhnev, general secretary of the Central Committee the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and president of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics;

commade Nicolae Ceausescu, general secretary of the Romanian Communist and president of the Romanian Socialist Republic;

Amrade Petar Stambolic, president of the Presidency of the Socialist (A. Republic of Yugoslavia;

Tomrade Erich Honecker, general secretary of the Central Committee of Secialist Unity Party of Germany and chairman of the Council of State of Terman Democratic Republic;

Dominate Wojciech Jaruzelski, first secretary of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers Party and chairman of the Council of Ministers of Polish Peoples Republic, and Comrade Henryk Jablonski, president of the souncil of the Polish Peoples Republic;

The Communist Party and president of the State Council of the Bulgar Peoples Republi;

mrade Gustav Husak, general secretary of the Central Committee of the

The transmission of the dentral community of the dentral community ialist Workers Party, and Comrade Pal Losonczi, president in the second Muncip of the dangarian Peoples Republic; arthography and buz, first secretary of the Centra U. La. in st Party of Cuba and president of the Council of State and president the Republic of Cuba; and the recoies new neutronary Party and chairman of the President in the steat P. . la Bara, of the Mongolian Peoples Republic; The liver mena, the first secretary of the Central Committee of the first in the little of Comrade Haxhi Lleshi, president of the little Community of Albania Community of Albania Community if freeman, and Comrade Truong Chinh, chairman of the of the bearing of Vietnam; The secretary of the Central Committee in a reliable of the souphanouvong, president of the The world the president of the Presidium of the tree mocratic Republic; I limik, president of Democratic Kampus !: , i.e. But of the Socialist Republic of the University Republic of Indonesia: in Posples Republic of Bangladesh; 1! We marble chewdhury, president the strain of the second of th more than the second of the state of . restrent in slant willing to the transfer of the control constitution (100) to the control of the control o the firm of the Septiment . 111; 7.661 - -- 162 -- 11 -- 1

werendra Bir Bikram Shah Deva, King of Nepal;

numiphon Adunyadet, King of Thailand;

Middli Bendjedid, president of the Algerian Democratic and Peoples Rep. 1 and general secretary of the National Liberation Front Party of Algeria.

'Ali Nasir Muhammad, secretary general of the Central Committee of the Large Socialist Party, chairman of the Presidium of the Peoples Supreme Council of the Peoples Democratic Republic of Yemen and prime minister of the Peoples Democratic Republic of Yemen;

unitz al-Asad, president of the Syrian Arab Republic;

Williammad Husni Mubarak, president of the Arab Republic of Egypt;

seved 'Ali Khamene'i, president of the Islamic Republic of Iran;

Major General Mohamed Siad Barre, president of the Somali Democratic Report 1

olumni Mu'ammar al-Qadhdhafi, leader of the Great September First Revolution the Socialist Peoples Libvan Arab Jamahirivah;

Ta'ter Muhammad Numayri, president of the Democratic Republic of the Such

Wir al-Ahmad al-Sabah, emir of State of Kuwait;

Hubib Bourguiba, president of the Republic of Tunisia; and

Tillemant Colonel Mohamed Khouna Ould Haydala, president of the Militar mittee of the National Salvation and head of state of the Islamic Republication and head of st

in his reply messages the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song extended that the party and state leaders of these countries for their warm felicitation attended in the name of their parties and states and in their own name as asion of the 34th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People depublic of Korea, expressed the conviction that the friendly and cook and involve the peoples of Korea and these countries would grow and involve in the future and wished them greater successes in their warms.

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- Landeriang KCNA in English 1002 GMT 12 Oct 82

Tringvang, 12 Det (KCNA) -- The great leader Comrade Kim II-song, Relief of the Workers Party of Korea and present the moderation Peoples Republic of Korea, sent messages to the party and the leaders of various countries in reply to their messages of greetings on the Urasion of the 34th anniverary of the founding of the Democratic Peoples

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Didier Ratsiraka, president of the Democratic Republic of Madagas. T:

thmed sekou Toure, secretary-general of the Democratic Party of Line president of the Guinean Revolutionary Peoples Republic;

Sandra Moises Machel, president of the Mozambique Liberation Front (Fid: IMO Party) and president of the Peoples Republic of Mozambijus

meneral Unassingbe Evadema, president-founder of the logolese Pec.

France Albert Rene, president of the Republic of Sevchelles;

Todo Bernardo Vieira, secretary-general of the African Party for the of Orinea-Bissan and the Verde and president of the Revolutiona the Revolutional the Revol

meneral andre Kolingha, chairman of the Military Committee for has ment and head of state of the Central African Republic;

followed briang Nguera Mbasogo, president of the Republic of Equators .

At med Abdallan Abderemane, president of the Federal Islamic Republic

1 Hauf Smar Bonko, Tresident of the Cabonese Republic;

Prime Minister raier; . Migabe, and President Canzan Banana. 11

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Augstha Barbara, president of the Republic of Malta, and Dominic Times.

law you first. King of the Kingdom of Morway;

arl Castaf. Fing of the Kingoom of Sweden;

Mains Misists, president of the Republic of Finland;

Margrethe the Second, queen of the Kingdom of Denmark;

- in the rischschlaeger, tresident of the Republic of Austria;

Litting Ramalho Lanes, president of the Republic of Portugal;

2 is Finnbokadottir, president of the Republic of Iceland;

in all loreus impson Burnham, leader of the Peoples National Congress of living and president of the Cooperative Republic of Guyana;

Turiel Ortega Saavedra, coordinator of the Council of the Government of Nati

Ister II | @ Possion Revolutionary Government of Grenada;

Minto Late, frime minister of St Vin.ent and the Grenadines;

man, I the Geoffrey Manningham Adams, prime minister of Barbados.

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e great leader Comrade Kim il-song extended to these countries for their warm congrated to their own and in the response to the people's and in the people's are all and in the peop

VICALA FUREIGN RELATIONS

TOWN AV MAGAZINE TRAINES DPRK DEFENSE ABILITY

-kl31524 Pyongyang EUNA in English 1500 GMT 13 Oct 82

Text | Belgrade, Il Not (KCNA) -- A recent issue of the Yugoslav magazine Dollar arrived an article titled "Not an Inch of Retreat: Line of Defence Building of "Not is Based on Thuche Idea," according to a report.

Noting that the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea is a powerful country. Dolitically, economically and militarily, the paper says:

The chucke idea is the guiding idea of the DPRK; it is embodied in the principles of independence in politics, self-sustenance in economy and self-relative in national defence.

By adhering to the line of self-reliance in national defence the Democratic Feoples Republic of Korea, a socialist non-aligned country, has become a nountry with powerful defence capabilities today. Proceeding from the churke lies, the DPRK has constantly maintained the line of building its defences to its own efforts.

The line followed by the republic in strengthening the nation's defence of the littles is to turn the whole arm into an army of cadres, modernize it. The the entire people and fortify the whole country.

The republic pays fee, attention to relitical and ideological preparations of the soldiers.

the magazine continues:

Te DERK puts forth one proposal after another for the reunification wanter. It also calls for a cut of the numerical strength of the armin the bottle and the buth.

This it restlicted the un-aligned countries.

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nature. The letter committee of the Workers Party of Fores and opening the demonstrate problem of Korea, on October 12 sent a message of the Jeneral of the contract of the co

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W. - CREA FUREIGN RELATION-

HIM IN-SOME SENDS THEFT TO MODAMBLITUE PRESIDENT

Mary 1145 Evengrang RCNA in English 2221 GMT 13 Oct 82

Tixt: Prongyang, 14 For ECNA — The great leader Comrade Aim Il-Scha

According to a report, wang ou-myong, DPRK ambassador to Mozambique, out there is conveyed cordial regards and the gift film "Visit of President among Moises Machel of the Peoples Republic of Mozambique to Our G interest by the great leader Tomrade Kim Il-song to the Mozambican presides

The president expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to ver his warm, heartfelt greetings to the great leader.

. who intermed wished good realth and a long life to the great leader terrade big li-song.

the opportunition that place in a friendly itmosphere.

Fresent of the consist were Alberto equim Thisande, member of the fill formittee of the liberation Front of Maramolipe and interpolational lefence, and the special secretary president.

the file sent as a girt of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

resent at the film spow were the family of the president, the ministrational detence who is member of the Permanent Political Committee of the entral Committee of the Liberation Front Party of Mozambique and the start, for iteological work of the party and other leading personnel of the party and externation were the OPRA ambassant of titletals of his empassion

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out in uniscultruit the treatise of the dear leader his Excellent of the leader his excellent of the chucké of social scientists social take as the guiding compass in their studing thather ield and to theory of social science based on it.

The following the speakers expressed their resolution to make a deep so the fig. but we like a treatise of the lear leader commade Kim Choage.

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no wroleheartedly wished good health and a long life to the great leader rade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

Teneral secretary of the delegation Karumi Nakamura also spoke at the

"Threat of southward invasion" cried about by the ".S. imperialists and Korean puppet clique is a complete fiction, he said, and continued:

se saw the different realities of the North and the South at Panmun of

to the fields of the TPRK all the cooperacive farmers were bringing in the south has been devastated and only the torced oncrete wall and pillboxes were to be seen there.

ny symple of the DERK are the true masters of politics; they are the asserts of the country who decide everything by themselves.

are brutally suppressing the people who struggle for the democratisation society.

All tiots clearly tell who truly desires the reunification of the com-

the reunitication of Korea should be realised on all accounts in accordance the proposal for founding the Temporatic Confederal Republic of Korta in seion President Kim Il-song.

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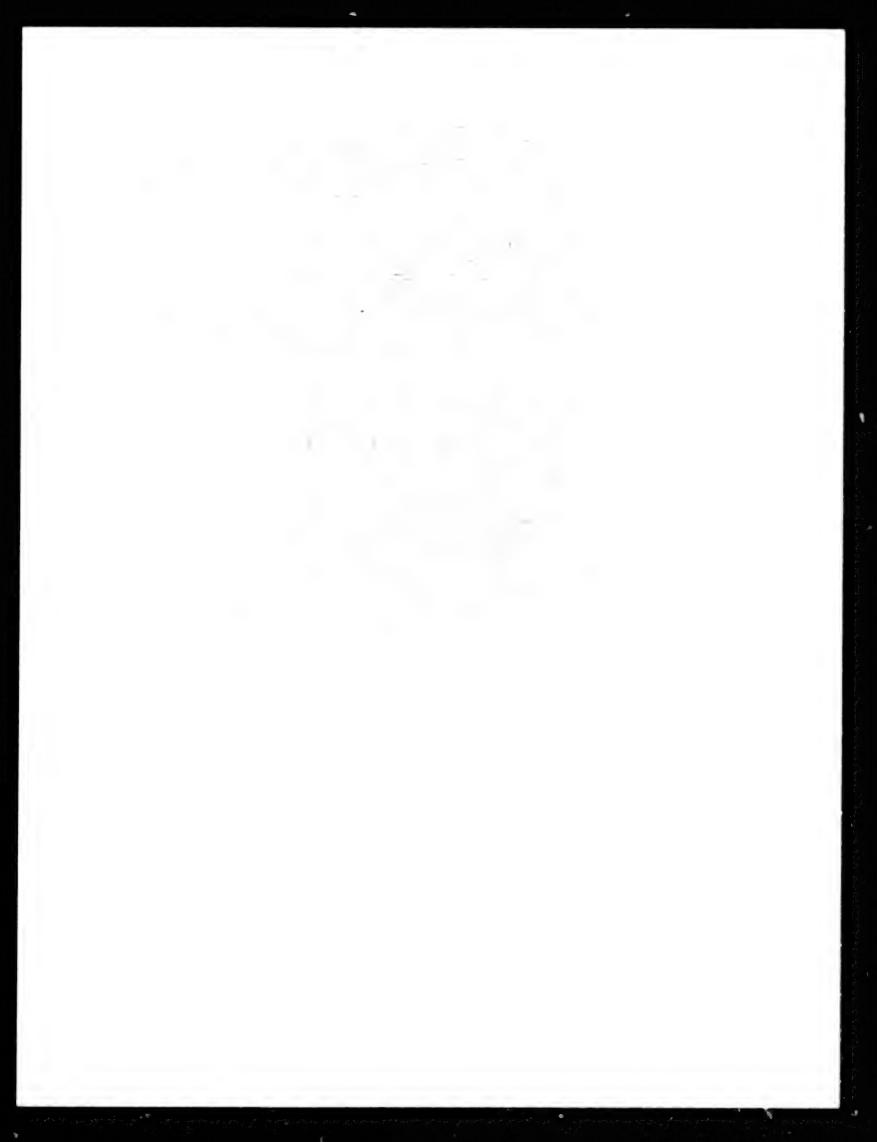
Land Land I for Text of the Bulgarian Committee for Solidari in Last Party and president of the Bulgarian Committee for Solidari in Lasta and Africa; and other personnel of the party and government and public organisations of these countries. OPEN for mentar preened. [Text] 198157440 Evongvang KCNA in English 0330 RM 1

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FROM File Six TH-Prongrang, 12 lot (KCNA) -- the great leader song, general secretary of the entral Committee of the worse and president of the Democratic Feoples Republic of Korea, resident of greetings from party and state leaders of various countrate the Sith anniversary of the founding of the Workers Party state for him in mr. Nicolae Ceauseson, general secretary of the Amminist Party; eneral Moussa Triore, general secretary of the emporatio Union and president of the Republic of Mali; Difference according to the American Secretary of the Malignary vanguard of revolution of a secretary secretary of the Malagas arg and Committe Mintoff, por the Republic of Malignary land Committee Mintoff, and the Republic of Malignary and Exception Mintoff, and the Republic of Malignary and Prongrang BONA in August 120 ct. Ma

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GDR AMBASSADOR ARRIVAL--Pyongyang, 12 Oct (KCNA)--Karl-Heinz Kern, new ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the German Democratic Republic to Kora, arrived in Pyongyang Monday by plane. [Text] [SK120532 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0508 GMT 12 Oct 82]

YUGOSLAV, POLISH KWP FILM SHOWS -- Pyongyang, 14 Oct (KCNA) -- Film shows and photo exhibitions were held in Yugoslavia and Poland on the occasion of the 37th anniversary of the founding of the Workers Party of Korea, according to reports. A portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and a portrait of Comrade Josip Broz Tito were placed in the hall of the Savski Venac Children's House of Culture of Yugoslavia where an opening ceremony of a film show and photo exhibition took place. The director of the Children's House of Culture said in his speech: Under the wise guidance of the Workers Party of Korea led by President Kim Il-song the Korean people converted their country into a powerful industrial state in a brief period after the war and have covered the road of proud victory and glory. As a non-aligned state the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, along with Yugoslavia, has become the master of the Non-Alignment Movement. Referring to the friendly and cooperative relations between Yugoslavia and Korea, he noted: This friendship provided by President Josip Broz Tito and President Kim Il-song is more favourably developing day by day. In the future, too, we will defend forever these excellent relations of friendship. A Korean film show was arranged at the Poland-Korea Friendship Club in Otwock, Poland. [Text] [SK140440 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0334 GMT 14 Oct 82]

HUNGARIAN ART TROUPE--Pyongyang, 15 Oct (KCNA) -- The Hungarian "Duna" art croupe gave its premiere at the Moranbong Theatre Thursday evening. Seeing the performance were Minister of Culture and Art Yi Chang-son, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Yiu Chong-mok, Vice-Minister of Culture and Art Chang Choo, Vice-Chairman of the Committee for Cultural Relations With Foreign Countries Kim U-chong and other personages concerned and working people and artists in the city. In the audience were Ambassador Etre Sandor and officials of the Hungarian Embassy in Pyongyang. The artists put on the stage a colorful program of dance, solo, national instrumental music, etc in two parts. They excellently depicted the courageousness, worthwhile labour and life customs of the Hungarian people with lively dance movements and songs and melodies with strong national flavour to be warmly acclaimed by the audience. They also sang well in Korean the Korea so.ig "It Is Our Boundless Honor To Have You as Our Leader" delighting the audience. At the end of the performance, they excellently played with national instruments "Song of General Kim Il-song" with unbounded respect and reverence for the great leader to draw enthusiastic applause of the audience. After the performance, a basket of flowers was presented to the artists in congratulation of their successful performance. [Text] [SK150501 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0351 QfT 15 Oct 82]

LEBANESE PRESIDENT REPLY MESSAGE--Pyongyang, 9 Oct (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, received a message from Amin Gemayel in reply to his message of greetings on the latter's assumption of office as president of the Republic of Lebanon. The reply message dated October 4 reads: Expressing heartfelt thanks to you for the message extended me on my assumption of office as president of the republic, I take this opportunity of most wholeheartedly wishing you happiness and the Korean people prosperity. [Text] [SKO91131 Pyongyang KCNA In English 1001 GMT 9 Oct 82]

GREETINGS TO EQUATORIAL GUINEAN PRESIDENT—Pyongyang, 11 Oct (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim II—song, president of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, on October 10 sent a message of greetings to Obiang Nguema Mbasogo, president of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea, on the occasion of the National Day of the republic. The message reads: I, in the name of the Government of the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea and the Korean people and in my own, extend warm congratulations to your excellency and your government and people on the occasion of the National Day of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea. To—day the Equatorial Guinean people, under your leadership, are making a great advance in their work for achieving national unity and rebuilding the country. Believing that the friendly and cooperative relations existing between our two countries will grow stronger and develop in the interests of the two proples, I wholeheartedly wish your excellency and your people greater success in the future work for the independent development of the country. [Text] [SKI11556 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1516 GMT 11 Oct 82]

SURINAM CHUCHE GROUP LETTER--Pyongyang, 11 Oct (KCNA) -- A letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song was recently adopted at the inaugural meeting of the first branch of the Surinam group for the study of the chuche idea, according to a report. The letter says: The chuche idea is a genuine guiding idea of our era. It indicates the road for people to lead an independent and creative life to their hearts content by scientifically expounding the position and role of the working masses in the revolution and construction for the first time in history on the basis of the philosophical principle that man is master of everything and decides everything. For its greatness and validity, the chuche idea today enjoys full support and sympathy of the progressive people in all parts of the world across the oceans and continents and powerfully encourages the struggle of hundreds of millions of people advancing along the road of independence. We, ardent adherents of the immortal chucke idea, wall devote all our energy and wisdom to the sacred work for normalizing the activities of the group for the study of the chuche idea and for studying, explaining and propagandizing the chuche idea. The letter sincerely wishes the areat leader Comrade Kim Il-song good health and a long life. [Text] [SK111104 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1005 GMT 11 Oct 82]

BURMESE TV DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 8 Oct (KCNA)--Vice-Premier Chong Chun-ki on October 7 met and had a friendly talk with the TV broadcasting friendship delegation of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma headed by U Tin Aung Tun, director general of the information and broadcasting department of Burma. Cha Sung-su, vice-chairman of the DPRK radio and television broadcasting committee, was on hand. [Text] [SKO80431 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0340 GMT 8 Oct 82]

IRANIAN SPORTS DELEGATION--Pyongvang, 8 Oct (KCNA)--Vice-Premier Chong Chun-ki on October 7 met and had a friendly talk with the sports delegation of the Islamic Republic of Iran headed by Bahram Afsharzadeh, chief of the sports federation of the Islamic Republic of Iran. On hand was Kim Tuk-chum, vice-chairman of the Korean physical culture and sports guidance committee. [Text] [KO80444 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0349 CMT 8 Oct 82]

ENVOY'S FAREWELL TO IRAN'S PRESIDENT--Pyongyang, 13 Oct (KCNA)--Cha Pyong-ok, ambassador of our country to Iran, on October 7 paid a farewell call on Seyved 'Ali Khamene'i, president of the Islamic Republic of Iran, according to a report. The ambassador conveyed cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim II-song to the president. The president expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to convey his warm, heartfelt greetings to the great leader. He heartily wished the great leader President Kim II-song good health and a long life. The conversation took place in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [SK130551 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2219 GMT 13 Oct 82]

EMBASSIES MARK KWP 37TH ANNIVERSARY--Pyongyang, 13 Oct (KCNA)--A film reception was arranged at the DPRK Embassy in the Soviet Union and film receptions and photo exhibitions were held at the DPRK embassies in Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia on the occasion of the 37th anniversary of the founding of the Workers Party of Korea. B.S. Semenov, deputy director of the chemical industrial department of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, was invited to a film reception in the Soviet Union and Aleksandar Bakocevic, chairman of the Yugoslav League for Peace, Independence and Equality of Peoples and director of the TANJUG News Agency, to a film reception and photo exhibition in Yugoslavia and Vaclav Janousek, director of the industrial department of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Communist Party, to a film reception and photo exhibition in Czechoslovakia. Other personages concerned of the host countries were also invited there. Korean documentary films were screened at the film reception. [Text] [SK130820 Pyongyang kCNA in English 0805 GMT 13 Oct 82]

GDR FOUNDING ANNIVERSARY RECEPTION--Pyongyang, 8 Oct (KCNA)--Klaus Barthel, charge d'affaires ad interim of the GDR Embassy in Pyongyang, hosted a reception at his embassy on the evening of October 7 on the occasion of the 33d anniversary of the founding of the GDR. Invited there were comrades So Chol, Paek Hak-nim, Yun Ki-pok and Hong Si-hak, and Kil Chae-kyong, Yo Yon-ku, Kim Chae-suk, Yi Song-nok, Kim Chong-u and other personages concerned. Charge d'affaires ad Interim Klaus Barthel spoke first at the reception. Comrade Yun Ki-pok spoke next. The attendants dranks toasts to the fraternal friend-ship and solidarity between the Korean and GDR peoples, to the good health and long life of the great leader of our party and our people Comrade Kim Ilsong, to the good health and long life of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il and to the good health and long life of Comrade Erich Honecker, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and chairman of the Council of State of the GDR. [Text] [SKO80442 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0345 GMT 8 Oct 82]

AUSTRIAN NATIONAL DAY RECEPTION--Franz M. Palla, commercial counsellor of the Austrian Embassy in Pyongyang, gave a reception on the evening of October 11 on the occasion of the 27th anniversary of the National Day of the Republic of Austria. Invited to the reception were Yi Song-hui, Yi Song-nok, Kim Chong-u, Pak Yong-si, Kim Ung-chol and other personages concerned. The reception was addressed by Commercial Counsellor Franz M. Palla and Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Yi Song-hui. The attendants raised glasses to the strengthening and development of the friendly and cooperative relations between the Democratic

Peoples Republic of Korea and the Republic of Austria, to the good health and long life of the great leader Comrade Kim II-song, to the good health and long life of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il and to the good health and long life of His Excellency Rudolf Kirchschlaeger, president of the Republic of Austria. [Text] [SK120405 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0448 GMT 12 Oct 82]

AGRICULTURAL DELEGATION TO EGYPT--Pyongyang, 29 Sep--The DPRK agricultural delegation headed by Vice-chairman of the Agricultural Commission Chon Song-hwan left Pyongyang on September 25 for a visit to Eygpt. A delegation of San Martin de Porres University of Peru headed by Raul Pena Cabrera, president of the university, arrived here on the same day. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0353 GMT 26 Sep 82 SK]

U.S.-RESIDENT KOREAN LEAVES--Pyongyang, 29 Sep--Yi Sun-hui, a Korean resident in the United States, left Pyongyang on September 28 by plane after a visit to the homeland. [Text] [SK290511 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0336 GMT 29 Sep 82]

FOREIGN DELEGATIONS--Pyongyang, 29 Sep--Hossenjee Edoo, chairman of the Mauritious-Democratic People Republic of Korea National Friendship Association and vice-chairman of the Writers Union of Mauritius, and his party and a delegation of the Japan Committee for Supporting the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea headed by Kiyomi Shinohara, general secretary of the Tokushima Prefectural Peoples Council for Supporting the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea, affived in Pyongying on September 28. Mario Castro Tota, chairman of the group for the Study of the Chuche Idea of Comrade Kim Il-song of Chileans, comrades-in-arms of Rodrigo Ambrosio, in Sweden, left Pyongyang yesterday. Also leaving here for home yesterday were the delegation of the Hungarian Union of Journalists headed by Gabor Satmari, deputy editorin-chief of NEPSZAVA, organ of the Central Council of the Hungarian Trade Unions; the Hungarian radio reporters group headed by Rekai Gabor; Hans Koechler, professor of the University of Insbruck, Austria; the delegation of the West Jutland branch of the Denmark-DPRK Friendship Association headed by Hans Jargen Lausten, vice-president of the branch; and R.S. Sharma, professor of Delhi University of India. [Text] [SK290511 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0331 GMT 29 Sep 82]

DPRK-JAPAN CULTURAL SOCIETY FOUNDING DAY--Tokyo, 27 Sep--"An evening of song and dance" celebrating the 10th anniversary of the founding of the Japan-Korea Society for Cultural Exchange was held on September 24 at the Japan House of Education in Tokyo. The gathering was attended by Yoshihisa Kajitani, general director of the Japan-Korea Society for Cultural Exchange, Shozo Hasegawa, socialist member of the House of Representatives of Japan, Kenichi Ogami, general secretary of the International Institute of the Chuche Idea, and other Japanese personages and artists, over 800 in all. Also present there were Han Tok-su, chairman, and Yi Chin-kyu and Yi Kye-paek, vice-chairmen, of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (CHONGNYON), and other CHONGNYON functionaries and Korean in Japan. Addressing the gathering, Yoshihisa Kajitani reviewed the path covered by the society over the past 10 years since its inception. He said that he would work as ever to expand and develop cultural exchange and friendly relations between the Japanese and Korean peoples. Chairman Han Tok-su spoke next at the

gathering. Noting that over the past 10 years the Japan-Korea Society for Cultural Exchange, overcoming all difficulties, has introduced and propagated the chuche-based art and culture of Korea among broad segments of Japanese people, he wished the society great success in its future work. The gathering was followed by a performance of Japanese artists and Korean artists in Japan in celebration of the 10th anniversary of the founding of the society. [Text] [SK290511 Pyongyang KCNA in Enlgish 0338 GMT 29 Sep 82]

PRC RADIO, TV DELEGATION--Pyongyang 29 Sep--A Chinese radio and television broadcasting delegation arrived in Pyongyang by train on September 28. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2212 CMT 28 Sep 82 SK]

NEW ALGERIAN AMBASSADOR--Pyongyang, 2 Oct--Belaid Mohamed Lakhdar, newly-appointed ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic to our country, arrived here Friday by air. [Text] [SKO40059 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0331 GMT 2 Oct 82]

DPRK-NIGERIA CULTURE EXCHANGE PLAN--Pyongyang, 30 Sep--A plan for cultural and educational exchange for 1982-1984 between the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Government of the Federal Republic of Nigeria was signed on September 16 in Lagos, the capital of Nigeria. [Text] [SKO40059 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2204 GMT 29 Sep 82]

DPRK PARLIAMENTARY DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 30 Sep--The delegation of the parliamentary group of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea headed by Choe Suhon, deputy to the Supreme People's Assembly, returned home on September 29 after attending the 69th general meeting of the Interparliamentary Union which was held in Italy. The delegation of the People's Insurance Company of China headed by Song Guohua, general manager of the head office of the People's Insurance Company of China, left here for home yesterday. [Text] [SKO40059 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0335 GMT 30 Sep 82]

BURMESE TV DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 3 Oct--The radio and television broadcasting committee of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea arranged a party Saturday evening at the People's Palace of Culture for the TV broadcasting friendship delegation of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma. Invited to the party were the members of the delegation headed by U Tin Aung Tun, director general of the information and broadcasting department of Burma. Yi Yong-ik, chairman, and Cha Sung-su, vice-chairman, of the DPRK radio and television broadcasting committee, were present there. The party was addressed by Cha Sung-su and U Tin Aung Tun. The party proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

[Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0849 GMT 3 Oct 82 SK]

POLISH 'TRYBUNA LUDU' DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 5 Oct--A delegation of TRYBUNA LUDU, organ of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers Party, headed by its editor-in-chief Bek Weslaw, arrived in Pyongyang on October 4 by plane. It was met at the airport by Kim Ki-nam, editor-in-chief of NODONG SINMUN, and an official of the Polish Embassy in Pyongyang. [Text] [SKO60132 Pyong-yang KCNA in English 2218 GMT 4 Oct 82]

SOVIET JOURNALISTS UNION GROUP--Pyongyang, 5 Oct--A delegation of the Journalists Union of the USSR headed by its secretary L.N. Spiridonov arrived in Pyongyang on October 4. On the same day, a delegation of musicians of the German Democratic Republic, a delegation of the Wiener-Neustadt branch committee of the Society for the Promotion of the Relations Between Austria and the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea headed by its chairman Hans Wagner and a delegation of Andes University of Venezuela headed by its President Dr Jose Mendoza Angulo arrived in Pyongyang, Earlier, Indian writer Prabhjot Kaur and his wife arrived in Pyongyang on October 3. [Text] [SKO60132 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0338 GMT 5 Oct 82]

PRC HYDRAULIC POWER COMPANY DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 6 Oct--A delegation of the Chinese side to the Council of the Korea-China Amnok River Hydraulic Power Company headed by Li Diageng, vice-minister of water conservancy and power of the People's Republic of China, arrived in Pyongyang on October 5 by train to attend the 35th regular meeting of the council. The delegation was met at Pyongyang railway station by Yi Chung-song, vice-minister of power industry and personages concerned and Zong Kewen, Chinese ambassador to Korea. [Text] [SKO60132 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2225 GMT 5 Oct 82]

CHONG CHUN-KI MEETING--Pyongyang, 5 Oct--Vice-Premier Chong Chun-ki on October 4 met Prof and Dr Mun Sung-kyu at Manitoba Provincial University, Canada, a compatriot visiting the socialist homeland, and had a talk with him in an atmosphere overflowing with compatriotic sentiments. Yo Yon-ku, vice-chairman of the Korean Committee for Aiding Overseas Compatriots, was on hand. [Text] [SK060132 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0412 GMT 5 Oct 82]

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